

Global Ag Risk Solutions has new approach to insurance

EY KEVIN WEEDMARK A lot of growing agriculture related businesses on the Prairies started out in a quonset, with farmers taking machinery apart and trying to come up with solu-tions to some of the shortcomings of exist-ing technology. The people behind Global Ag Risk Solutions believe they have come up with a better farm insurance product, and it started with looking under the hood and it started with looking under the hood

and it started with looking under the hood of farm financials. "It was actually just an accident. It was in my boardroom here in Moose Jaw and I was showing a friend of mine how we do a farm profitability analysis," says Global Ag Risk Solutions CEO Grant Ko-sior, originally from Fillmore. "We looked at the gross margin component and just by accident we said 'holy cow we might have an insurance product if we get the have an insurance product if we get the data behind this.' So we went out and cap-tured the data to back test our theory. That was in 2009. In January of 2011 we started selling. In the meantime we found capital to try the idea out, and in 2011 we started with 60 farms."

Some people may have noticed the Global Ag Risk Solutions logo on an office in Moosomin. Although the growth isn't as obvious to the passerby as a company like Vaderstad—where anyone driving down the highway has seen the company veolve from a small shop to a huge plant— the company has grown quickly. "We take out a couple of billion dollars of liability," said Kosior. "We're in Canada and the United States. It doesn't take very long for the billion dollar number to be achieved. the billion dollar number to be achieved. Even if it was a million dollars of risk per farm, 1,000 farms will get you to a billion. It is a big number, but the amount of pro-duction that these farmers grow in Canada

How is the insurance offered by Global Ag Risk Solutions different than traditional crop insurance?

"Crop insurance is only guaranteeing you a yield," says Kosior. "In the Moo-somin area they would guarantee maybe a 35 or 45 bushel yield. If the price of the



Global Ag Risk Solutions CEO Grant Kosior

commodity drops, they're not protecting that. If the farmer decides to add a signifi-cant amount more fertilizer, seed or chemical inputs, they're not covered of chemi-bar product is a gross margin product which covers the cost of the fertilizer, seed and chemical, and so as the cost of those go up—in other words as you use more— our coverage goes up and then we cover a margin above the cost of that as well. So if there is a farmer in your area that has \$200 an acre of inputs and he buys another \$100 an acre of margin protection, we cover him for \$300 an acre." Why have other companies not been of-

fering a similar product? "The data is very difficult to get," says Kosior. "That is one barrier to entry, and

the other thing is, we have a unique com-bination in our group of ag accountants, farmers, ag finance people, and insurance people. So we have a group of us that all have a farming background but come at it from a little bit different approach." The company has grown to 42 employ-ees, spread from Moosomin to Moose Jaw

to Winnipeg to Red Deer, along with 80 in-dependent sales consultants.

Kristjan Hebert of the Moosomin area has been instrumental in the growth of the company. "He's on my management team. company. "He's on my management team. I don't make a major decision without rum-ning it by him," says Kosior. "There isn't a day that we don't talk on the phone." All the shareholders in the privately held company are from Saskatchewan.

Kosior sees huge potential for growth in the United States.

"Our business in the U.S. is still in the infancy stage, so our main focus over the next couple of years will be to build out the distribution in the United States," he said. "We have been approached by Australia, Germany, South Africa, Italy, France, and the UK to bring the product there as well, but want to make sure that we take care of what's at home first before we start going too far away.

too far away." Global Ag Risk has set up its own sales network in Canada and is working within the existing distribution system in the U.S. "In Canada we've got 80 sales people in Western Canada and then in the U.S. we

western Canada and then in the U.S. we utilize the existing U.S. crop insurance distribution force that is already in place down there," explains Kosior. "The differ-ence is in the U.S. they already had a pri-vate distribution model already, whereas in Canada we had to build our own distribution model."

Kosior says that farmers using his insurance product end up putting more inputs into their crops, and getting more out of them.

them. "Farmers that use our product actu-"Farmers that use our product actu-ally change their behavior and how they farm," he said. "They've got a different kind of product. In the past, if they had an insurance policy from Sask Crop Insur-ance, for example, and the weather con-ditions weren't perfect, they might quit spending on their inputs, whereas our policy encourages them to keep spend-ing on their inputs, whereas out policy on their inputs, and as a result of that, they usually end up with better margins. In fact, we did a study and it showed that farmers who were on our product on averfarmers who were on our product on aver-age grossed \$35 an acre more than farmers

age grossed 555 an acre more man rarmers who are not on our product." The way the policies are designed, farm-ers automatically have more coverage if they have to add more inputs to deal with a situation with the crop, such as disease or insects.

Continued on page 27 w



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Plain and Valley



Plainview Colony wins at Winter Fair, commits prize money to Moosomin, Virden hospitals

Quantity may have been lacking, but there was no shortage of quality on display at the 2018 Royal Manitoba Winter Fair pork quality competition.

Judge Jason Care said the smaller-than-verage show was one of the few he has average seen where every entry earned warm car-

seen where every entry earned warm car-cass points. "Most of the shows that I do, I have any-where from 20 to 30 per cent that don't get the carcass points," he said. The points reflect the farmer's ability to

The points reflect the farmer's ability to anticipate how much weight will change from the barn to the processed carcass to end with the "perfect market hog," he said. "Basically, this group this year at the show, they got their weight bang down," he said. "They learned and they realized how much gets deducted and the right feed to ship them at the right time to have that per-fect weight to hit the target." This year's show also had no need for tiebreakers since there were no ties, another

tiebreakers since there were no ties, another oddity, Care noted. Wayne Buhr of the Provincial Exhibition

of Manitoba said only 16 entrants brought in carcasses this year, down from a peak 29

competitors last year. The competition typically gets 18 to 20 participants, Buhr said.

Results reflect the new status quo that has developed in pork competitions in recent years, according to Care. Size ruled all at one point in time, he said, comparing that to today's criteria, which take a closer look at fat content and cut size impacting yield

percentage. "When I first started doing shows, the way the points were set up was it was for this massive loin," Care said. "We felt that it would be better to transition the show into, basically, whoever could get the best market

basically, whoever could get the best market hog that's in demand." Plainview Colony and New Haven Col-ony swept the top four. Plainview Colony North's two carcasses rose above all other comers, taking first and second with 95 and 91 points out of 111, respectively. The colony northwest of Virden was the only entrant to clear 90 points in the competition. "I'm protty avoided "Enrice Woldens caid

"I'm pretty excited," Ervine Waldner said



Representatives from Plainview Colony accept the reserve champion award from Ron Kristjansson, right, Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba general manager, during the 2018 Royal Manitoba Winter Fair pork guality competition. The colony took both first and second in this year's competition.

after receiving his colony's award. "(We've been) trying for a few years now." The western colony returned to Brandon for the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair after narrowly missing the top three at Hog Days, also held in Brandon's Keystone Centre, in December. Plainview Colony locked in fourth from that compatition

fourth from that competition. New Haven Colony, meanwhile, split third and fourth between its northern and southern barns at the Royal Manitoba Win-ter Fair. New Haven Colony North claimed third with 85 points, compared to New Ha-ven Colony's southern barn at 81.

Assiniboine Community College will get the spoils of the competition. Both reserve champion and champion carcasses will go to the culinary arts program. The winners' home hospitals are also set

Alexis Stockford photo

for a boost. Half of all prize money is headed for charities of the winners' choice. According to Ron Kristjansson, general manager of Provincial Exhibition of Manitoba, a total \$4,300 will be

Exhibition of Manttoba, a total \$4,300 will be headed back into the community. Plainview Colony will be splitting the benefit. Half of its first-place prize money is bound for the Southeast Integrated Care Centre in Moosomin, while the Virden Health Centre will get a share of second-place wipping. place winnings. "They need it the most," Waldner said.

"It's good for the community and we need it.

Both New Haven barns opted to support Ronald McDonald House, while the Neepawa Health Centre will get a windfall from Spruce Woods Colony.

"We're just really appreciative of the en-tries," Buhr said. "And it is just so cool to have the entries large or small and the fact that all of them are geared towards turning around and giving extra. They're not in it for the prize money. They're in it to give the prize money to someone else and they like the fact that those top carcasses are go-ing to the school of culinary arts and going to develop the ability to make pork a more marketable meat."

The annual competition is part of Mani-toba Pork Council efforts to tap into the fair, which draws a large urban audience, for public outreach.

"The industry is trying to reach out to the public and to try and say, "This is how we do our business," " Manitoba Pork Coun-cil general manager Andrew Dickson said. "There's a human person behind the busi-ness. People try to make it more factory farming—these unknown people who pro-duce this stuff. What we're saying is we have human beings who come to events like this.

The pork industry is perhaps infamous for its clashes with public opinion on envi-ronmental and animal welfare. In particular, the industry made headlines this last year the industry made headlines this last year with the removal of anaerobic digester re-quirements and the current Bill 19, which would roll back some parts of the Planning Act when it comes to building livestock shelters. Equally attention grabbing, those legislative changes led to the resurgence of activist group Hog Watch, which exchanged barbs with the pork industry through 2017. Dickson acknowledged those conflicts. "I rarely have heard anyone who's come up to us and said they don't like the prod-uct. They are a little concerned about how we go about raising pigs and stuff like this, so they want some education and that's why we're at the Royal Manitoba Winter Fair," he said.

said

MPC has tapped into farmers to man their booth at the fair, one of several indus-try booths in the family-friendly Royal Farm Yard.

The Royal Manitoba Winter Fair ran March 26-31

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Understanding canola seeding rates

WENDY SCHATZ LEEDS, PAC, CCA SHARPES CROP SERVICES Canola seeding rates have always been a hot agronomic topic. With some simple tools and honwlade you can get to knowledge you can get to the bottom of this topic on your farm.

your farm. The Canola Council of Canada recommends 7 to 10 plant/ft square. There is now discussion around a slightly lower plant density.

plant density. This is the result of

emerging industry re-search that takes into account equipment changes, seed cost, seed size and improved vigor of hybrids. A target plant density could look more like 5 to 7 plants/ft square in certain

plants/ft square in certain situations. We have all seen the power of hybrid canola. Hybrid canola stands with higher plant popula-tions tend to create more competition within the stand causing thin stems. This creates a stand more at risk for lodging. As well a dense stand cre-ates a more disease prone environment. However,

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environment. However, the industry will still caution against a very low plant density. Stands lower than 4 plants/ft square can drop yield potential and factors such as reduced weed control and delayed ma-

turity can become issues. Before you even consider lowering your seeding rate, you must have an under-standing of the seed survivability on your farm.

The Canola Council have created a great calculator to help you with this process on their website. https://www.canolacalculator.ca/

The calculator sets your target plant

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Canola seeding rates have always been a hot agronomic topic-the Canola Council of Canada recommends 7-10 plants per square foot.

density based on a serious of questions that relate to your individual field condi-tions, abilities and appetite for risk. The calculation also has a component for seeding rate that takes into account your seed TKW and help you understand your seed emergence and survival. The best way to get an understanding

The best way to get an understanding of your canola survivability is to do some

square foot counts in your fields. Counting seedlings in the spring or plant stems in the fall will give you an idea

of survivability. TKW and survival play a large part in seeding rate as you can see in the example below.

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Seeding rate (lb/acre) = 9.6 X target plant stand density/ft2 X TKW (g) Seedling survival (%)

Example 1 - 9.6 X 10 plants/ft² X 3.6 = 6.91 lbs per acre 50%

Example 2 - 9.6 X 10 plants/ft² X 3.6 = 4.93 lbs per acre 70%

The key in these two examples are the

difference in seed survival. Seeding at 7 lbs per acre doesn't seem realistic but seeding at just under 5 lbs does

Are there ways that on farm you can de-

Crease mortality risk—Absolutely! Watch depth – canola morality tends to be lower if seeded shallow into a moist,

firm and warm seed bed. Aim for a con-sistent ½".1" depth. Limit Seed placed Fertilizer – Salts in fertilizer can harm canola seedlings. Make sure you are following seed placed guide-lines lines

Seeding speed – Seeding too fast can lead to variable depth. Every drill and soil type is different so make sure to check often and find the

speed that is working best for your situation.

Fan speed – Higher fan RPM rates are often needed to push through the fertilizer and seed needs for a productive canola

crop. This can cause seed damage and seed

bounce out of the seed row. Good luck in your quest for the perfect canola stand! Have a safe and successful seeding season!

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Association hopes to put 'dollars in producers' jeans' for storing carbon

BY LAURA STEWART

BY LAURA STEWART Saskatchewan farmers may find ways to get paid for doing their part to sequester carbon to fight rising carbon it the atmo-sphere. The province's climate strategy, announced in December 2017, could bring

announced in December 2017, could bring that goal closer. By setting a price for large industrial op-erations to buy offsets for the carbon they release, the plan will boost the market val-ue for carbon stored in soil.

Cedric MacLeod, the executive director of the Canadian Forage and Grasslands Association, said in an interview, "It comes Association, said in an interview, it comes down to whether or not it's a voluntary or a legislated, regulated market." MacLeod gave the example of Alberta, where the government set prices to start at

\$15 per tonne of carbon dioxide and go up, even though they had been getting only \$2

to \$5 per tonne on a voluntary basis. But before agricultural producers can get that money, they need a way to prove they have stored carbon in a measurable, meaningful way. Grains and other agricultural products

contain carbon, but most of it cycles quick-ly back to the atmosphere when humans eat the final food product for energy and breathe out carbon dioxide. Instead researchers look for carbon

"sinks" – places where carbon is building up over time. One promising place to look is agricultural soil.

Is agricultural son. Historically, Prairie soils lost carbon when tillage exposed roots and other or-ganic matter in the soil to decay. But if farmers can reduce tillage and the the balance so plant crowth is justified.

to the balance so plant growth is putting more carbon into the soil than decay is tak-ing out, then the soil becomes a sink.



Studies are under way to find a way for farmers to unlock the value of storing carbon in cropland and pasture.

The Saskatchewan Soil Conserva-tion Association has been collaborating on a study to show how soil carbon has changed since farmers started using zerotill methods in the 1990s.

John Bennett, a farmer and advisory committee member with the association, said early modeling assumed soil carbon would increase for a while but soon reach a new steady state, or saturation, where no new storage was occurring.

But up to the latest sampling in 2011, at a network of sites across the province, soil carbon was still increasing. Bennett said, "At the moment, the best data we have, which is the Prairie Soil

Carbon Balance Project, is suggesting that saturation is a long way away." Bennett sees potential for soil to even-tually store even more carbon than it had

before cultivation, as farmers continue to find new ways to increase plant productivity.

For example, when the soil carbon study started, farmers were starting to move away from tillage.

Later they added more crops in rotation, and moved to zero till methods, which in-cluded placing fertilizer better for efficient plant growth. New revenue from carbon offsets might

open up possibilities for further improvements Although the study focused on the ef-

fects of zero-till, the association wants to expand it to look at other ways of storing carbon

'We're advocating we need a Prairie

Soil Carbon Balance Project II, that has way more facets, and it has to address for-ages, managed rangelands, a whole plethra of things that have to be brought into t," Bennett said.

Forages are the focus of a new Canadawide project. The Canadian Forages and Grassland

functional for the second state of the second and hay fields.

But there's a lot of variation across different regions, farm operations, and research findings.

The project will start by sorting out how to calculate carbon storage.

to calculate carbon storage. "What we're working on right now is a quantification protocol, which is the very first step," MacLeod said. At a November technical workshop, re-searchers agreed they can already show a clear carbon-storing benefit of keeping grassland intact and not converting it to cropland. cropland.

The next step is to figure out what farm-ers and ranchers can do differently to coax their existing pastures and hay fields to store even more carbon. "The third is actually to fire some pilot

[sites] out on the landscape. That allows us to, A) test the protocol, and B) showcase

b) A feet the protocol, and b) showcase these high-performance best-management practices," MacLeod said. Soon, MacLeod hopes the project can at least help "get a few dollars in producers" jeans for maintaining the carbon we know , thev have.'

Of course, all that will depend on the price of carbon.

Meanwhile, even if they're not directly paid for it, farmers and ranchers can still see returns for building up their soil. MacLeod said a pasture with more root mass has more soil carbon, but it also pro-

duces more forage and more beef. And Bennett cited the past growing season as evidence of improved climate resilience under contemporary cropping methods. "If we went south of the Trans-Canada

Highway last year, we had the driest year in, maybe recorded history, or very close to it. We actually didn't have any soil ero-sion to speak of, and we grew a crop," he said.



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Manitoba introduces legislation on rural development

The Manitoba government is introducing new legislation that would modernize The Planning Act and ensure fair opportunities for economic development in rural municipali-ties, Municipal Relations Minister Jeff Wharton announced last week.

"Our government has worked extensively with municipalities and industry to see how improvements could be made to our existing regulatory framework," said Wharton.

legislation "This new strengthens our government's commitment to providing a fair say for municipalities on mat-ters that affect their local community.'

In addition to modernizing the current municipal zoning by-law review and approval process, Bill 19 The Planning Amendment Act (Improving Efficiency in Planning) would enhance 'fair say' by giving municipalities the option of setting a threshold for conditional use hearings for livestock, ac-cording to local needs. Other changes would in-

clude:

 setting timelines for municipal board reviews of development plan bylaws:



New legislation on rural development is being introduced in the Manitoba legislature, above

• harmonizing hearing pro-ss requirements with those cess established in The Municipal Act: · introducing the option for members of the public attend-ing planning hearings to opt to

receive notice by e-mail; strengthening environmental protections by introducing a technical review process for aggregate quarry proposals;

• requiring municipalities to review their livestock opera-

tions zoning bylaws within one vear;

• improving animal safety by enabling producers to upgrade existing facilities and clarifying this reinvestment does not require a new approval from

council; • dissolving the Interdepartmental Planning Board, which held its last meeting in January 2014;

· expediting the municipal zoning bylaw approval process by increasing the minor vari-ance threshold from 10 to 15 per cent; and

allowing municipal officials authorized by council to grant variances on zoning bylaw requirements such as square footage, height and parking spaces without hold-ing additional council hear-

"We have seen many examples of the significant economic benefit that livestock development can offer communities in Manitoba," said Agriculture Minister Ralph Eichler. "Our government wants to provide municipalities with the oppor-tunity to achieve that growth and development through a more equitable process. The proposed legislation takes a balanced approach to the livestock review and approval process that improves animal safety and maintains a high standard of environmental accountability."

Managing forages for uncertain weather conditions

NADIA MORI, PAG.

REGIONAL FORAGE SPECIALIST SASKATCHEWAN MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE Whether conditions will turn dry or not, extremes of weather have become more of a norm than the exception. The best way to manage your pasture or range through these tosses and turns is to A) have a plan and B) keep your forage stand as healthy as possible.

NO ROOTS-NO GRASS

Have you ever strained to grab something from a shelf but despite your efforts, the desired item stayed out of reach? That is how your forage root system feels when it is too short to access a moisture layer which may be just below its reach. Roots are out of sight and often out of reind. Yet it eaver to encompare that savehout two thirds mind. Yet, it pays to remember that roughly two-thirds of total plant growth occurs below ground, while the visible above ground portion only makes up about one-

Licensed scale in yard

third. This extensive root system forms the lifeline for forage plants and helps ensure long-term survival as well as productivity. Remember that drought stress can reduce or impair root growth even without added grazing pressure.

RESIST THE URGE

RESIST THE URGE It is challenging but imperative to leave residual for-age at a height of 3-4 inches (7-10cm). Removing every last blade of grass only leads to a longer road to recovery. The resulting rest period will automatically be longer. The grazing stubble left behind also helps shade and cool the soil, which reduces evaporation and conserves what little moisture there is. Just as important as removing the ani-mals on time, is resisting the urge to put livestock back on a pasture as soon as some form of regrowth has occurred. Grass regrowth needs to reach 8 -10 inches (20-25cm) before animals can return to that paddock. Overgrazed before animals can return to that paddock. Overgrazed plants will dip into the root reserves and stop allocating

resources to root growth in an attempt to survive short-term. If dry conditions persist into subsequent years, de-sirable plants will first reduce production and eventually disappear from your stand.

IT TAKES MOISTURE TO GROW GRASS

IT TAKES MOISTURE TO GROW GRASS This may be obvious but it is a reminder that there are no miracle solutions to forage growth in dry condi-tions. The absence of moisture will inevitably result in an absence of forage growth. Adjusting stocking rates and using alternative feeding systems helps protect your pas-tures, your animals, and your financial bottom line. Keeping pastures healthy during good weather condi-tions is an investment in ensuring the pasture will remain more productive during weather extremes and recover quicker in the aftermath. Leaving sufficient carry-over may be the hardest but most critical management tool in dry conditions. dry conditions.



grenfell@integratire.com



Global Ag Risk Solutions has new approach to insurance

🖙 Continued from page 21 "By putting down ad-ditional inputs they are automatically getting ad-ditional insurance. If they had \$200 an acre of inputs and bought another \$100 of coverage over and above, they would be at \$300. The policy is for coverage for \$100 in excess of your inputs. If the inputs go up, the coverage increases automatically, and there is no additional premium." Kosior said when the

Kosior said when the company began they an-ticipated rapid growth. "We were so excited be-cause we knew farming as well as we did, and we knew the barriers to a farmer doing a better job was just that fear—'what if I put those extra inputs down and Mother Nature still comes and gets me?' If we could take away that fear, we knew that farmers would go for it. We knew it would change the farmers' mentality from survival mentality to swinging for the fence every year. I have been enthusiastic and excited about this idea since 2009 and, if anything, I'm even more excited about it

than I was nine years ago." Of course there are po-tential downsides in any busine 'We have years like last

year where we pay out an enormous amount of an enormous amount of claims because it was so dry out west that there were a lot of farmers that really had a tough year, and we wrote some big cheques last year. A lot of people might look at it as a negative but I look at that as a positive because it was proof of concept. We put a minimum floor of revenue underneath those farm-ers, they kept farming and Mother Nature didn't quit kicking them in the shins, and a concert that use and as a result of that we paid big claims and they are able to continue farming without missing а

step." As the company has grown, the model has been tweaked, but has not been substantially changed.

"We've refined it and we've increased the level of coverage, but it started as a margin insurance product and that is still the founda-tion of what this company is. We may in the future change our distribution change our distribution model but the concept of margin insurance to us is like gravity. It allows the farmer in the long run to be richer." Where does Kosior see

the company five years from now?

"In five years I suspect it we will have added another couple of countries. I imagine that we will have more of an electronic onnore of an electronic on-line presence than we do now and I anticipate by then most likely we would have four or five billion dollars of risk taken on." Kosior said there are both

challenges and advantages to growing a company on the Prairies.

the Prairies. "We've been fortunate thus far that we've been able to attract the talent that we require," he said. "Potentially down the road we may have difficulty. One of the biggest prob-lems is that Regina Interna-tional Airport is no longer an international airport. For our purposes, having to transfer through Win-nipeg or Calgary to get to places in the U.S. is a sig-nificant barrier." nificant barrier." Kosior said he enjoys

running a growing business

"It is a wonderful life. it is an exciting career, be-cause we know that we're making a difference. We're able to walk out on a farm and help them realize their dreams, and that's just to farm the best they can and never have to cut back." He said one challenge

has been coming up with the best way to explain the product. "In the early years, we

were building the airplane as we were flying it," he says, "but in recent years our messaging has become more and more refined and that ultimately becomes one of the barriers to en-

trv-even if somebody did try to come in and replicate the model it will still take them a number of years to figure out how to tell the story properly." Kosior says he has thought about taking the

company public, but isn't there yet.

"We certainly have a model that lends itself very well to going public, and we've done some analy-sis on it. We think it's too soon to take it public right now but it's not out of the question. It's on the radar screen. The fruit might be on the tree, it's just not ripe





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Twenty-year partnership helping thousands in Ethiopia

Continued from page 13 "For three days we came together to cele-brate the success of this 20-year partnership," said nutrition professor Susan Whiting, who also attended the celebrative meetings at Ha-warea University. wassa University.

"Past and current students, collaborators and supporters were there, and while the focus was on the scientific outcomes of improving pulse agriculture and nutrition, there was with this work." Working with the Ethiopian government

and local organizations that focus on nutri-tion, agriculture and health, the Canadian government has invested a total \$8.65 million through the Canadian International Food Se-curity Research Fund (CIFSRF), administered by the International Development Research Centre (IDRC) and Global Affairs Canada.

"Our 20-year journey has demonstrat-ed the value of pulses in empowering the healthy future of Ethiopia," said Henry, assis-tant dean in Nutrition and Dietetics and the principal U of S investigator for the project.

By developing and introducing new va-rieties of pulses, researchers have provided smallholder farmers with high-protein crops rich in iron and zinc to combat hunger and malnutrition. The cultivation of these plants, which have need bittereon fiving combilities which have good nitrogen-fixing capabilities, has also helped improve the extremely de-graded Ethiopian soil. "Literally thousands of men and wom-

en farmers are partners, and thousands of households have learned about and are benefitting from better nutrition, more stable in-come, and their healthier children will be the

next generation of change," said Buhr. An interdisciplinary approach that com-bines soil management, processing nutrition, seed delivery systems and marketing has led to:

 Benefiting 70,000 Ethiopian households and boosting the local economy with novel soil management strategies and newly developed high-yielding pulses that produce three times more than older varieties. This means diverse sources of income and an increased number of food suppliers, with more women becoming leaders in this sector;



The pulse-cultivated land of farmer Dibawa Amedin, who has joined the project. Almost 36,000 women and their children have benefited from educational campaigns on the advantages of eating pulses.

• Benefiting 10,000 Ethiopian households and impacting directly 36,000 women and their children through educational cam-Paigns on the benefits of eating pulses and on food preparation to preserve the nutritious properties of these seeds;
 Successfully training 200 graduate students at Hawassa University, 40 per cent of whom are female, and having 26 U of S students with University.

dents visit Ethiopia to gain first-hand experience.

Building on these positive outcomes, the U of S and Hawassa University will collaborate with partners in Canada and sub-Saharan Africa to improve food security and sources of income for rural women, youth and their households.

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APAS raises transportation issue with government

BY KEVIN WEEDMARK

Agriculture Producers Association of Saskatchewan Vice-President Ian Boxall Saskatchewalt vice resident fait boxan travelled to Ottawa a few weeks ago to make a presentation to the House of Com-mons Standing Committee on Agriculture and Agri-Food. In an interview with the World-Specta-

In an interview with the word-Specta-tor following his presentation, he said he had seen the crisis coming. "I think anyone who followed the issue knew early in the fall from the projections that the railroads had done on car supply that we vere going to be short, and then the car supply targets that the railroads had set for themselves, they couldn't even achieve, which has caused a huge backlog in Western Canada." He said APAS has been raising the issue

for a long time. "I think we've been pretty vocal about

it right from the start and during the week of the CFA Canadian Federation of Agriculture we had a big push with senators and MP's and parliamentary staff, making sure that they understand that it has gotten critical on the Prairies as far as farmers being able to cash flow their operations because of the lack of the movement of grain. That was at the end of Februarywhen we had that big push, and I believe we got some reaction and we got some stuff done. I believe CN dropped the ball and we need some management changes in their operasome commitments to increase capital investments to try and alleviate some of

He said he sees this year's crisis as a railway management issue. "We've heard stories of it being a rail car

shortage, but that is not the case. This is a locomotive and manpower shortage. That is what has caused this issue this time. I think in 2013 and 2014 it might have been somewhat different, but the railroads have done some layoffs and got rid of some lo-comotive power and it's come back to bite them to the point where it has really affected our business. I believe this time around it is absolutely a management problem on



Transporting Prairie agricultural products to market has become an issue, and the Agriculture Producers Association of Saskatchewan's vice-president went to Ottawa last week to raise the issue.

the side of the railroads. They use weather as an excuse but they've operated a rail-way line in our country for 100-plus years. Winter comes every year. They should be able to figure out to manage that risk."

How did the presentation to the parlia-mentary committee come about?

"From our push we had out there in February I was asked to be a witness to the standing committee to explain just how critical the situation is in the West," Boxall explains. "We were asked, and we decided to absolutely take advantage of the sum to absolutely take advantage of the opportunity to tell our story." Boxall said he felt the MPs listened to

what he had to say. "I feel I was listened to, and I think any

time that the committee members can hear from a producer, it's a good thing. Lots of times they hear from the railroads and hear from the stakeholders, but when you can go and present as a producer I think it is important. It's good when they hear right from the producer about how it is affecting us.

"It was a good experience. It was nerve

wracking to say the least, but it was a good experience and I think all the stake holders and all the people that presented that day, we had the same message: Pass Bill C49. "We understand that is not the home

run we are looking for to fix rail issues, but it's a piece of legislation that we feel we can work with to get things better so we're not having to have this conversation every four years on lack of rail service." Boxall said he's optimistic that his pre-

"I believe I, and all the people that pre-sented there, had an impact. House and Senate to get this moving forward.

"Part of the issue is that it is a big bill. It "Part of the issue is that it is a big bill. It includes air, water, sea, land and rail. It's a large bill but they need to get it together and figure it o ut and get it passed this spring sitting so that we have legislation in place for next year's crop. "The weather will fix the back log this year because it's getting warmer and they can pull longer trains, and things will im-

rove on that side of it to fix this year's backlog. But we need legislation in place so that going forward we have adequate rail service every year." Boxall feels there is a 50-50 chance of the

bill passing this spring. "I think it's 50-50," he said. "There's an

aspect in there on air passenger rights that is somewhat holding it up as well. When you get all those aspects it's hard. We're hoping that it will pass this spring so that it's in place, and I believe for it to be effective for next year's crop it needs to be

fective for next year's crop it needs to be passed this spring." Following is the full presentation to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Agriculture and Agri-Food presented on Monday:

Good afternoon and thank you for this opportunity to present to this committee. I am here today to explain how poor rail performance affects my industry, my com-munity, and my family business and why we need Parliament to take immediate ac tion.

Continued on page 31



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NRGene crop research partnership maps lentil genomes

In cutting-edge research aimed at breeding better lentils, a partnership be-tween University of Sas-katchewan (U of S) crop sci-entists and world-leading genomic big data company NRGene of Israel has suc-cessfully sequenced two cessfully sequenced two wild lentil genomes—the largest legume genomes ever assembled.

Largely due to advances in plant breeding at the U of S, Canada is the world's leading exporter of lentils, delivering millions of tons of lentils to India, Pakistan and Bangladesh where this vegetable-based protein serves as a critical food source.

The research, part of the

Barnard

\$7.9-million Genome Can-ada-funded "Application of Genomics to Innova-tion in the Lentil Economy tion in the Lentil Economy (AGILE)," is led by U of S scientists Kirstin Bett and Bert Vandenberg. With the help of NRGene's genom-ic assembly and analysis technology, the research is expected to empower fu-ure breeding efforts aimed ture breeding efforts aimed at enhancing lentil yield and quality. "NRGene's technology

has dramatically acceler-ated our research, which aims to shed light on lentil domestication and adaptation," said Bett. "Through identifying beneficial traits from wild relatives and integrating them into the ge-

nome of the domesticated lentil, we can now develop lentil varieties with much improved vigor, resilience and productivity. Main-taining sustainable lentil production will play an important role in address-ing the world's need for an ecologically sound protein source that is also highly nutritious."

Professor Bett's group leads the international lentil genome sequencing ini-tiative which has resulted in the release of a "refer-ence genome" (a com-plete genome sequence) for a Canadian-cultivated lentil variety. Now with additional genomic infor additional genomic information from the wild spe-cies, the researchers have a much broader view of genes and pathways that enable lentils to thrive in volatile climatic conditions.

She noted that to date. breeders have only been able to access a small fraction of the total germplasm which hinders Canadian producers' ability to meet growing global demand. With its focus on wild len-til genomes, the project is aimed at introducing ge-netic diversity with great the breeding cycle to pro-vide breeders with faster access to better lentil vari-



Crop scientists Kirstin Bett and Bert Vandenberg examine lentil plants.

The U of S Crop Devel-opment Centre (CDC), which to date has developed 400 commercial crop varieties, is working with NRGene to sequence sev-eral of the world's major crops. A huge step forward in crop genomic research was the release this year of the wild Emmer wheat ge-nome sequence generated using NRGene technology and involving U of S scien-tists. Emmer wheat is the wild form of all the domes-

ticated wheat in the world. The work was published in Science in July of 2017.

Science in July of 2017. Knowledge gained from this innovative research is expected to have an immediate effect on the world food supply since the scientists at the CDC are directly applying ge-nomics to breeding of su-perior varieties grown on millions of acres. NRGem data provides the underly-ing understanding that can lead to breeding seeds for

higher yields with fewer resources

"esources. "Our partners at the University of Saskatch-ewan are aggressively pursuing the quest to identify essential traits that strengthen the genet-ics of the crops that feed the world," said NRGene CEO Gil Ronen. "We look forward to our continued partnership to disrupt the cycle of world hunger by offering hardier, more nu-tritious plants." tritious plants.

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What we stand for

It has been said by quite a few people that organizations are best defined by what they oppose versus what they support. That seems like too cynical of a view of the world. I want to talk about what we stand for. Canadian

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Canadian agriculture stands for science-based reg-ulations and rules of trade. Why? Because farmers across this court across this country depend on access to international markets for their livelihood. A farmer in Mortlach, Saskatchewan must have access to Japan, Indonesia, Algeria and about 100 other countries in order to ensure their farm is economically viable. If countries are free to set up trade barriers in response to the latest internet trends with no reference to evi-dence-based health or safety concerns, then our friends farming in Mortlach will soon find themselves without any markets to sell into.

What is this "science" that we stand for? This is the sci-ence behind Canada's regu-latory approval process for pesticides. Pesticides that are registered for use in Canada have been tested and found to be safe—safe for human health, safe for animal feed and safe for the environ-ment. This applies even to pesticides like glyphosate that the "experts" on the in-ternet might not like. This assessment of safety is built upon rigorous research, scientific peer review and stud-ies that have been replicated around the world. Modern Canadian agri-

culture also stands for sus-tainability. What is "mod-ern agriculture?" Modern agriculture makes use of esticides and chemical ferpesticides and chemical re-tilizers. Modern agriculture is often large in scale. Mod-ern agriculture makes use of cutting-edge technology to deliver new plant varieties that give higher yields, are more resistant to disease and

have superior quality. Mod-ern farmers use GPS, satel-lite imagery and big data to precisely place seeds and

rectory place seeds and crop nutrients. Many might think words like "modern", "large scale", "pesticides" and "chemical fertilizer" do not belong next to "sustainability." But these words do belong together. Modern Canadian agricul-Modern Canadian agricul-ture has a fantastic sustain-ability story to tell. And yes, I am going to use a bit of sci-ence to tell that story. Between 1981 and 2011

(the last year for which we have data) the amount of energy needed to produce a tonne of wheat in the prai-ries declined by 39 per cent. Back in 1981, soil organic matter was being depleted. But because of modern agriculture, such as conserva



tion tillage, organic matter in prairie soils is increasing every year. What does this mean? Well, it means soil is healthier today than it was in 1981. Soil is more produc-tive, it is less susceptible to wind and soil erosion, and farms across the country are sequestering carbon dioxide every year.

If you happen to live near Mortlach, Saskatchewan you will know that the summer of 2017 saw record low rain-fall in the region. In many towns, there was less rain than the famous droughts of the 1930s. And yet farm-ers in Mortlach did not have a complete crop failure. Nor did Saskatchewan soil blow into Ontario all summer long like it did in the "Dirty '30s." I find it hard to think of more graphic demonstra-tions of the sustainability of

Cam Dahl

modern agriculture. Modern agriculture stands for science, we stand for innovation and we stand for sustainability. Some try to say that this means we stand against other approaches, like organic or natural production. This is not true and is a false conflict that is harmful to farmers who utilize both production systems. There is room for many

different ways of producing food, provided these pro-duction systems are safe for the people who eat what is produced, safe for the live-stock that depends on the feed grown, and is safe for the land and water. These are scientific questions that are a matter of evidence. What we do not stand

for is governments deviating from scientific evidence because of pressure from activists who do not believe the scientific consensus on modern agricultural prac-tices. Deviating from an evidence-based approach, such as banning or limiting pesti-cides that have been shown to be safe or limiting the use of modern biotechnology, will limit the tools available to farmers. This will reduce the environmental gains the environmental gains that we have seen in the last 20 years. Deviating from science-based rules of trade will limit agriculture's abil-ity to access markets around the world, deliver jobs to every region of the country and support our economic health.

health.²¹ So I guess in the end we are defined a bit by what we are against. But this is not fellow producers who are trying to make a living meeting varying demands coming from consumers. That's what we stand for. *Cam Dall is president of Ce-reals Canada.*

reals Canada





FCC makes investment in the future of agriculture

Farm Credit Canada (FCC) has committed \$100,000 towards the construction of the Livestock and Forage Cen-tre of Excellence (LFCE)—a world-class facility that will the of Excellence (LFCE)—a world-class facility that Will unite livestock and forage research, and allow for enhanced teaching and outreach. Marty Seymour, FCC's director of industry and stakeholder relations, said that FCC was ea-ger to support the project, knowing the positive effects the centre will have not only on the cattle and forage industries, but on students who will have access to the most advanced

but on students who will nave access to the host advanced facilities and best practices. "We are proud to invest in projects that support agricul-ture research and enhance the student experience. This will also help attract the best and the brightest into pursuing an

education and future career in agriculture." FCC has been supporting agricultural initiatives at the University of Saskatchewan for more than 30 years, suporting student awards, helping to fund the construction of the Rayner Dairy Research and Teaching Facility, and recently provided the necessary funds to refurbish a study area for agriculture students. Mary Buhr, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Biore-

sources at the University of Saskatchewan, said the support of donors like FCC has been crucial in helping bring the

of donors like FCC has been crucial in helping bring the vision of the LFCE to reality. "When we brought forward the LFCE initiative to Farm Credit Canada, they recognized the potential of these fa-cilities and this centre to benefit the cattle and forage in dustries, to advance research, to help producers gain access to new innovation and to provide the human capacity and leadership that our industry needs," Buhr said. "We are grateful for their support." FCC's donation will go towards construction of the live-stock and food building at the Clavet site, which will house a meeting room and handling facilities equipped with real-time video capability, allowing in-house and distance edu



Janelle Smith, M.Sc Candidate in the Department of Animal and Poultry Science, will be one of the first students to conduct research at the newly constructed LFCE facilities once they open in spring, 2018.

cation and outreach activities to be conducted. Two new facilities for the LFCE are expected to be completed in the spring of 2018 and will complement current livestock and forage research sites. The LFCE, a partnership between the U of S, the livestock and forage industries, and the Saskatchewan and federal governments, will unite live-stock and forage field laboratories and science labs in a collaborative centre with a total cost of \$36 million.



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Learning outside of the classroom leads to industry connection

BY CRYSTAL JORGENSON A University of Manitoba student has partnered with Manitoba Beef and Forag-es Initiatives (MBFI) in a unique learning opportunity that brings together academ-ic learning and industry experience. Mikayla Rouire, second year Diploma in Actional United States and a special

in Agriculture student, utilized a special project course offering in the School of Agriculture to create her own project with MBFI last fall.

Over the past year, she interacted with industry members, attended a producer event, developed communications materi-als and organized an on-campus informa-tion booth.

Manitoba Beef and Forage Initiatives Manitoba Beef and Forage Initiatives is a Brandon-based collaborative effort between Manitoba Agriculture, the Mani-toba Beef Producers, Ducks Unlimited Canada and the Manitoba Forage and Grassland Association, with input and leadership from producers, academia and other industry stakeholders across Cana-do

other industry stakeholders across Cana-da. "At MBFI, we utilize science-based re-search and innovative farming practices within the beef and forage industry to boost producers' economic success and environmental sustainability, and to en-gage the next generation of consumers on topics of public trust," said Ramona Blyth, MBFI chairperson and a beef pro-ducer from MacGregor, MB. "So for MBFI to build this relationship with the Univer-sity of Manitoba students via Mikayla is a valuable step on all of our key fronts." The win-win for both parties was clear to Rouire.

to Rouire.

to Rouire. "This project has given me the opportu-nity to forge valuable relationships with members of the industry that wouldn't arise in a classroom setting. I strongly believe the special project option has al-lowed me to gain real world experience in the agriculture industry," said Rouire.. One of Mikayla's assignments includ-ed planning an information session that

SalforD



Mikayla Rouire is in her second year Diploma in Agriculture.

took place Friday, March 16 in the Agri-culture Building Atrium. Students and staff had an opportunity to interact with MBFI representatives to learn more about initiatives, research, and technologies in-volved in the beef and forage industry and underway at the three farm sites of the MBFI

and underway at the three farm sites of the MBFI. Mikayla noted that public engagement is a critical part of MBFI's mandate. "I quickly learned that the success of this industry in our evolving society relies on having an educated consumer base. Knowledge exchange was at the heart of some of the assignments that I completed as part of this project." The Agriculture Diploma Special Project is a three-credit hour course which allows a student to make practical application of scientific knowledge acquired to intensify the study of a topic of particular interest. Students must be active participants in developing the course and project require-ments so that it can meet their individual learning objectives.

learning objectives.





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NSERC awards \$1.65 million for fertilizer remediation training program

Soil researcher Steven Siciliano has been awarded \$1.65 million over six years by the Natural Sciences and Engineering Re-search Council's (NSERC) to train a new cadre of scientists in sustainable environ-mental remediation of fertilizer sites. The funding is part of NSERC's Collaborative Research and Training Experience (CRE-

ATE) program. "Fertilizer is key to a safe and sustain-"read Siciliano, NSERC/ able food supply," said Siciliano, NSERC/ Co-op Industrial Research Chair in In Situ Remediation and Risk Assessment. "How-ever, the incidental release of fertilizers during distribution can cause environ-mental damage. The program will focus on ways to minimize the damage, restore ecosystems adversely impacted during fertilizer distribution, and develop cost-fication environmental damage.

fertilizer distribution, and develop cost-effective methods of remediation." Including \$432,000 in funding from the U of S, \$432,000 in internship stipends from four industry partners, and \$239,000 from other participating universities, the Sustainable Applied Fertilizer Environ-ment Remediation (SAFER) graduate training program is worth a combined to-tal of about \$2.7 million. Siciliano has assembled a 10-person team of academic and industry experts in

team of academic and industry experts in soil science, renewable resources, land and food systems, indigenization, toxicology, fertilizer management, and agriculture for the SAFER program.

"Through this major public-private in-vestment, we will work with industry to address a global problem involving fer-tilizer distribution that has particular rel-evance for Western Canada," said Karen Chad, U of S vice-president research.



Soil researcher Steven Siciliano.

"This tremendous collaboration among universities, academic disciplines and in-dustry will train scientists who will safe-guard the environment and help industry and communities with cost-effective reme-diation solutions."

diation solutions." In collaboration with the European Union's International Masters in Applied Ecology (IMEA) program, SAFER will train 29 master's and 13 PhD students from Western Canada and Europe, providing

western Canada and Europe, providing them with a unique learning opportunity that transcends disciplines and borders. "The goal of SAFER is to integrate train-ing with addressing the scientific and practical challenges of remediation, and help students transition into research and

industry careers," said Siciliano.

industry careers," said Siciliano. Canadian students will spend nine months in France and Portugal learning about applied ecology before returning to apply their knowledge at home, while some of the best European students have the chance to work in Canada not just at universities but also at paid internships in private sector companies.

Inversities out also at pain interinsings in private sector companies. The international experience and in-ternships encourage students to develop communication, project management and leadership skills in academic, industrial,

and Indigenous settings. Production, warehousing and transpor-tation of fertilizer can harm the environment if the nitrogen, phosphorous, potassium, and sulphur are accidentally released. Sustainable remediation of these sites is a pressing agro-economic challenge in Can-ada and elsewhere, said Siciliano.

ada and elsewhere, said Siciliano. Major changes in recent years to envi-ronment regulations require companies to clean up fertilizer sites, Siciliano said. Remediation is important because the high concentrations of fertilizer can pol-lute groundwater. But remediation costs can often surpass \$1 million per location, often far exceeding the property value of often far exceeding the property value of bulk fertilizer plants, requiring the devel-opment of more cost-effective solutions.

The Canadian component of the pro-gram includes collaboration among re-searchers from the U of S and three other gram universities (University of Alberta, Uni-versity of Manitoba and University of Britversity of Manitoba and University of Brit-ish Columbia), and private-sector compa-nies—consulting engineering firm Amec Foster Wheeler, Federated Co-operatives Limited Ltd. (FCL), United Farmers of Al-berta (UFA), and CHS Inc. Also collaborat-ing is the International Minerals Innova-tion Institute, jointly funded by industry and government to provide education, research, and training partnerships to sup-port a world-class minerals industry. FCL, UFA and CHS are founding mem-bers of the Sustainable In-situ Remediation Co-operative Alliance (SIRCA), which pro-motes the development and implementa-

Co-operative Anance (SIRCA), which pro-motes the development and implementa-tion of sustainable environmental manage-ment practices. SIRCA asked Siciliano for help in training professionals in Western Canada who could address fertilizer remediation in ways that take into account the needs of the industry and affected communities

Don't skimp on the pre and post calving minerals

If a cow is to calve every 365 days, she must be pregnant If a cow is to calve every sob cays, she must be pregnant again within 83 days after calving. That can only happen if she comes through calving in optimal health and body condition. From calving until the uterus is again in con-dition for pregnancy is about 40 days. That leaves only two heat cycles for cows to rebreed on time. Cows that are short on nutrition are slower to return to normal heat cycles, and have lower conception rates.

cycles, and have lower conception rates. Researchers estimate that eggs begin maturing about 100 days before they are actually released, so the process of achieving the next pregnancy starts even before the current pregnancy ends. Minerals play a key role in en-hancing fertility. Although beef cows only require three to four ounces of trace minerals in their daily diet, this little bit of supplement helps ensure that cows will rebreed and produce a healthy calf. The availability of free choice min-erals is critical in the three months prior to calving and erals is critical in the three months prior to calving and during lactation, when the cow has increased energy and

To provide minerals cost-effectively, mineral supple-ments need to be matched to your forage base, which var-

Table 4. Guides to Selecting Minerals of Suitable Trace Element Content Mineral Recommended Range (mg/kg) Copper 2,000 - 3,000 10.000 - 12.000 Zinc Manganese 8.000 - 10.000 lodine 70 - 200 40 - 60 Cobalt

ies in nutritional content each year. Thus, an annual for-A cow's phosphorus and calcium requirements are

30 - 80

Selenium*

high during the winter and spring due to fetal devel-opment. Phosphorus will likely be the primary mineral needed because it is generally lower in dried winter forneeded because it is generally lower in dried winter lor-ages. Matching a mineral supplement to your forage base can be done using the rule of thumb that cows need a 2:1 ratio of calcium to phosphorous in the diet. Since legume type forages tend to have higher levels of calcium, a 1:1 or 2:1 mineral would be the best fit. Grass type forages are low in both calcium and phosphorous, so a 3:1 or 2:1 with added limestone would fit the bill in this case. Including a vitamin A and F supplement is also very important as dry.

added limestone would fit the bill in this case. Including a vitamin A and E supplement is also very important as dry forages are often deficient in these as well. Minerals, other than trace-mineralized salt, intended for free-choice feeding, under current federal regula-tions can contain no more than 30 mg of selenium/kg of mineral. If higher levels are required, a mineral may be manufactured as a "customer formula feed" or under the prescription of a veterinarian. The result of proper nutrition will be healthier more

The result of proper nutrition will be healthier, more profitable calves, from cows that will breed back in the first few cycles.







Making driverless farm equipment even smarter

BY DALE JOHNSON

Driverless farm equip-ment is becoming more and more attractive to to day's farmers as they battle short growing seasons and rising fuel and equipment cost

Dr. Mehran Mehrandezh has his eye on improving crop yields through the use of automation and al-gorithms, focussing his ef-forts on making the entire tillage process more pre-cise

tillage process more pre-cise. Mehrandezh, a Profes-sor of Industrial Systems Engineering in the Faculty of Engineering and Ap-plied Science, says faster and more precise farming can also reduce the carbon footprint of the farming machinery by consuming machinery by consuming less fuel.

He and his research team are developing sensors that can be mounted on farm implements. While there is already

plenty of research being done into automated and precision agronomy, Mehrandezh says, "the use of machine-learning techniques for adding autono-my to tilling applications is a new and novel research area.'

He says this new form of Artificial Neural Networks is a physical replication of how the brain works, and how it learns how to learn "If trained well, the ma-



The reason for Dr. Mehran Mehrandezh's research is simple: He likes to do research that can impact lives.

chine-learning algorithm may be able to outperform humans in terms of the speed of detection, and acspeed of detection, and ac-curacy. Furthermore, the sensors used for monitor-ing the process, namely cameras, can zoom in on the features of the landscape, something that homo sapiens lack," Mehrandezh explains. He says these sensors will observe if the machine

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is producing the desired results; detect malfunc-tions due to the breakage of a shank; and spot areas where tillage is undesirable.

"I have decided to put the research on precision agriculture at the centreline of my research activities. I like to do research that can impact lives.'

-Dr. Mehran Mehrandezh

tural equipment firm, on adding autonomy to tillage

applications for testing. Mehrandezh's latest re-search follows work with

automated seeding in 2016. That's when he led a team of students at the AgBOT Challenge held in Indiana. The student teams hed to come un with the had to come up with the most efficient unmanned crop seeder capable of planting two varieties of seed over half-mile-long rows, while providing real-time data utilizing a mobile time data utilizing a mobile

tracking antenna. The team came home with the first prize of \$50,000.

prize of \$50,000. Mehrandezh says that experience led to his cur-rent research. "It provided us with an excellent venue to connect to and network with key players in agriculture in-fustry. I have decided to dustry. I have decided to put the research on preci-sion agriculture at the cen-treline of my research ac-tivities. I like to do research that can impact lives.

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\$378.6 million for ag in Sask budget

The 2018-19 Saskatchewan budget invests \$378.6 million in the agricul-ture sector, including a record invest-ment in agricultural research and continued support for business risk management programs, such as Crop Insurance

The budget also includes increased funding for Animal Protection Ser-vices of Saskatchewan, the organi-zation that enforces Saskatchewan's Animal Protection Act. The new Animal Protection Act. The new, three-year funding agreement will provide the organization \$800,000 a year for investigative services, an in-crease from \$610,000.

"We appreciate the work of Ani-mal Protection Services of Saskatchwear in supporting a sound animal welfare system and this funding will help ensure they have the resources they need," Agriculture Minister Lyle Stewart said. The \$31.8 million agriculture re-search budget includes support for programs that foster the adoption of new technologies and increased funding for Ag-West Bio, the Food Centre, and livestock and forage re-ourch threads under the the form Centre, and livestock and forage re-search through support for the Live-stock and Forage Centre of Excel-lence. The funding is part of the \$71.2 million that will be invested into strategic programs under the Cana-dian Agricultural Partnership (CAP) this fiscal year. CAP program details were announced at the end of March, with the graine of the new federal with the signing of the new federal-provincial framework.

"Our government is making im-portant investments targeted to the continued sustainability and growth of the agriculture industry," Stewart said. "Agriculture is a major contrib-utor to the province's economy and this budget will help producers in-

crease crop production, value-added

processing and agri-food exports." Approximately \$258.2 million will Approximately social minor win go toward fully funding business risk management programs including AgriStability, AgriInvest, Western Livestock Price Insurance and Crop Insurance, which this year added for insurance on consumption for the fire insurance as a coverage feature for pasture land. The 2018-19 budget also includes \$3 million for irrigation infrastructure rehabilitation costs and irrigation asset transfer to irrigacosts tion districts.

Saskatchewan producers harvest-ed a crop of about 35 million tonnes in 2017, the fifth consecutive year the provincial harvest has been more than 30 million tonnes. Saskatchewan's 2017 agriculture exports were the fourth largest on record with to-tal sales of \$13.5 billion, an increase of more than 60 per cent since 2010.



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APAS raises transportation issue with government

Continued from page 31 My name is Ian Boxall and together with my wife Lisa my brother and sister-in-law we farm 8300 acres of grains and oilseeds in north east Saskatchewan. I am also the vice-presi-dent of the Agricultural Producers Association of Producers Association of Saskatchewan. We farm about as far from port as you can get and on an av-erage year, our farm pays \$360,000 in rail freight to get our products to our customers

The backlog of grain in the prairies has had a huge effect on the ability of producers of producers to cash flow their operations and is making things extremely difficult for farmers going into their most expensive season. In the north east, we are sitting with three-month-old grain contracts undelivered due to the shortage of timely and sufficient rail car service to the elevators. At the end of February personal-ly, we were sitting with an outstanding wheat con-tract from December that we had been unable to we had been unable to deliver. This was leaving us in an extremely tough financial position. Lucky for us our local elevator, that is one of only four in Canada dual serviced by both CN and CP, found some room to take our some room to take our product and help us out. They didn't have enough



Transporting Prairie agricultural products to market has become an issue, and the Agriculture Producers Association of Saskatchewan's vice-president went to Ottawa last week to raise the issue

room in the elevator and weren't able to take the entire contracted amount, just enough to give us the money we needed at that time. We don't get paid on a contract, until we can deliver, and these delays add financial and per-sonal stress on us as pro-

ducers for something that shouldn't be a concern. Two of the short lines that operate in northeast Saskatchewan have also felt the pinch of lack of rail service this season. They have had very poor and inconsistent supply of cars this shipping year and this

started in October, long before winter showed up again in Canada. They have also had several cases where cars have been loaded and then not picked up for weeks. Pro-ducers do not get paid for the product loaded in these cars until it's re-

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ceived by the end user. So again, adding unneces-sary financial and mental stress on producers. A lot of the highly sought-after oats grown in North East Saskatchewan are loaded on these shortlings in ei-Saskatchewan are loaded on these shortlines in ei-ther dealer or producer cars. I grow 2200 acres of these oats every year and with poor rail service the market for these oats is in jeopardy. The processors need to find alternative courses for their oa sun. sources for their oat sup-ply since our rail roads have dropped the ball on shipping our product in a timely manner. My little boys want their oatmeal most mornings. I want them to eat Canadian oats from Tisdale, not oats from Australia.

This rail issue isn't just affecting grain deliveries. Our local fertilizer dealer has been trying to put fer-tilizer in place for us its customers since last fall and due to rail logistics have to pull fertilizer by truck out of Redwater, AB instead of Clavet, SK. That is an additional 1000 km per tip. So far this season they have had to pulled roughly 60 loads of fertilroughly 60 loads of fertil-izer from Alberta and that is only half of the product they require, so if things continue like this we are looking at an additional 120,000km of trucking freight. That's added man power truck power wear power, truck power, wear and tear on the roads, and on equipment and cost and carbon emissions that we as end users are going we as end users are going to have to pay for. Spring road bans will be coming into effect very soon, and we could be short of fer-tilizer in Western Canada for seeding this year's crop. All of this due to poor management and planning on the side of the railroads. Farmers need to get the

Farmers need to get the rail service that we pay good money for. Bill C-49 was drafted because of the was drafted because of the disastrous shipping crisis of 2013/14, and its outra-geous that we are even talking about this again.

In closing we need all parliamentarians from both the house and the both the house and the senate to come together and pass Bill C-49 NOW for the sake of the ship-pers, the processors, the retailers, our economy, our farmers, and all Ca-nadians. Farmers already deal with so many un-reliable factors, weather, crop prices, and input costs. Reliable rail service should be something we should be something we can depend on. EVERY YEAR!!! Thank you.

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