

Candidates off and running in 2020 provincial election

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Nominations have closed for the 2020 Saskatchewan provincial election, and there are four candidates nominated in the three southeast Saskatchewan ridings—Moo-somin, Melville-Saltcoats, and Cannington.

Both the Saskatchewan Party and the NDP have nomi-nated 61 candidates—one for each riding in the province. The Green Party has nominated candidates in 60 riding—including the three local ridings—and the Progres-sive Conservatives have nominated candidates in 31 ridings—including Moosomin and Melville Saltcoats. The Buffalo Party has nominated 17 candidates across

Saskatchewan, including Cannington. The Liberal Party has nominated only three candidates

across the province, none in the three local ridings. Following are the final nominations for each of the three local constituencies:

Moosomin

Steven Bonk - Saskatchewan Party Ken Burton - NDP Marjorie Graham - Green Party Frank Serfas - Progressive Conservative Party

Steven Bonk won the 2016 election in the Moosomin riding with 72.3 per cent of the vote. The NDP was in second place with 14.5 per cent of the vote.

Polling site 338canada.com currently projects that Bonk will win in Moosomin in the 2020 election with 74.7 per cent of the vote, with the NDP second and the Green Partv third.

Melville-Saltcoats

Warren Kaeding - Saskatchewan Party Bonnie Galenzoski - NDP **Jack Powless - Green Party** Trever Ratti - Progressive Conservative Party

Warren Kaeding won the 2016 election in Melville-Salt-coats with 72.7 per cent of the vote. The NDP was second with 21.8 per cent. Polling cite. 222 merch court

Polling site 338canada.com currently projects that Kaeding will win in Melville-Saltcoats in the 2020 election with 70.5 per cent of the vote, with the NDP second and the Progressive Conservative Party third.



Steven Bonk was the first candidate to file his nomination papers at the Moosomin returning office for this election.

Cannington

Daryl Harrison - Saskatchewan Party Dianne Twietmeyer - NDP Jaina Forrest - Green Party Wes Smith - Buffalo Party

The Saskatchewan Party won the 2016 election in the Cannington riding with 84.4 per cent of the vote, and the

Calling on home with 0.5 per cent of the vote. Polling site 338canada.com currently projects that Har-rison will win with 8.4 per cent of the vote, the NDP will be second, and the Buffalo Party will be third. Voters go to the polls October 26.

Saskatchewan has lowest unemployment rate, Manitoba second lowest Sask., Man. have lowest unemployment

BY KEVIN WEEDMARK With much of the economy fully reopened following Covid-19 shutdowns, Saskatchewan has the lowest unemployment rate in Canada, followed by Manitoba with the second-lowest rate.

Statistics Canada released September unemployment figures on Friday, Octo-ber 9. They show Saskatchewan with an unemployment rate of 6.8 per cent, an im-provement on August's 7.9 per cent, which was also the best in the country. StatsCan's figures released Friday show

Manitoba just behind Saskatchewan with an unemployment rate of 7.0 per cent, an improvement on Manitoba's 8.1 per cent unemployment rate in August.

By contrast, the unemployment rate for September was 9.5 per cent for Ontario, 10.4 per cent for New Brunswick, 11.7 per cent for Alberta, and 14.8 per cent for New-foundland and Labrador.

"These numbers are a sign that our economy did not get hampered to the extent that other jurisdictions did from Co-vid-19," Steve McLellan, CEO of the Sas-

katchewan Chamber of Commerce, told the World-Spectator Friday. "Many of our businesses are open and are bringing people back, and I think it's a testament to the kind of work ethic and business mentality we have in the prov-inge that surge it we are get back to work. ince that says 'if we can get back to work safely, let's do it.' "There is still some consumer work to be

done, to get people more comfortable out and about to support our local businesses. "The bottom line is this is good news. While we feel for those who are not work-

ing, we applaud the fact that the trend is going in the right direction. "We need to keep spending money. That's what drives jobs. As we see the fed-

eral and provincial grant dollars change, businesses need to see more earned revenue, so we as consumers need to get out there and spend. Let's use this time to take on those projects, and get the economy going, because the only way this is going to be sustainable is if businesses are seeing more earned revenue through the cash register, not government grants."





Local candidates look at economic development

BY ROB PAUL LOCAL IOURNALISM

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER The Saskatchewan pro-vincial election will be tak-ing place October 26. Both the Saskatchewan Party and NDP have candidates nominated in Moosomin, Melville-Saltcoats, and Cannington so far. The World-Spectator spoke with each candidate about economic growth and de-velopment with a focus on how they can continue to help bring businesses to their constituency, the impact of Covid-19 on small local businesses, and the importance of keeping se-niors in their home communities

Moosomin Steven Bonk, Sask Party

Moosomin's Saskatchewan Party candidate, Steven Bonk, says the best way to help attract businesses to rural communities in Saskatchewan is to make it easier on them with less government ob-struction.

"This is something that the Saskatchewan Party takes very seriously," Bonk said. "It's something we believe strongly in. By re-ducing taxes and regula-tion traine to reduce the ducing taxes and regula-tion, trying to reduce the footprint of government, and making it easier for businesses to get ahead and prosper. I think that's the best way that we can attract new businesses and keep husinesses sustainkeep businesses sustainable in our constituency." With some local busi-

nesses struggling through the pandemic, Bonk thinks one of the best ways to help them through these times is to step back and allow them to focus on their business rather them have government overstep.

"The job of government is to make sure that we have regulations in place to protect the public," he said. "But also not have onerous regulations where we're actually impeding business or causing harm to business. That's why I think the people of Saskatchewan, particularly this area of Saskatchewan, just want to be able to run their businesses and live their lives without undue government intrusion. I think that's one of the foundations of the Sas-katchewan Party."

With the effort put in over the last few years to improve home care and develop long-term care fa-cilities, Bonk believes rural communities are continu-ing to grow for both young families and senior residents.

"I don't see it as one or the other," he said. "We're doing everything we can to attract young families and keep young families here in Saskatchewan because they're are future, they're our greatest resource. At the same time, our seniors are the people who built this province and built our communities. We have the utmost respect for them and we're trying to keep them in their communities as long as possible. To do that we've increased the amount of long-term care

space in Saskatchewan, greatly over what it was in greatly over what it was in the NDP days. We're con-tinuing to build long-term care centres. For example Grenfell, which was prom-ised for years under the NDP, the Saskatchewan Party is now brining that to fruition " fruition.

Moosomin Ken Burton, NDP

Ken Burton, NDP candidate for Moosomin, says the best way to continue to bring businesses to the area is to work closely with the community leaders.

"We're going to be an-nouncing our platform soon and it will certainly cover the importance of new local businesses," said Burton. "The first thing we've got to do is identify what's needed in the con stituency and you get that from working with your local people, councils, and other people involved in the community. With them we can identify what is needed."

With a possible second wave of Covid-19 coming, Burton says small busi-nesses need the federal government to lean on to push through potential revenue loss

"We're going to have one (a second wave of Cov-id-19), I don't know if we'll have it in Saskatchewan, but we'll feel the impact across the borders" he said. "Federal contributions and encouraging federal con-tributions is our biggest role here in Saskatchewan. They need to fund the EI and extend the rental subsidies for local businesses—they need federal money to offset businesse's

revenue loss." There's been shortfalls in rural communities with support for seniors, Bur-ton said. He wants to see more invested into home care and hiring at medical

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From left, Sask Party candidate Steven Bonk will be running for re-election in Moosomin, Daryl Harrison is running for the Sask Party in Cannington, Wes Smith is running for the Buffalo Party in Cannington, and Warren Kaeding of the Sask Party is running for re-election in Melville-Saltcoats.

facilities as well as travel options to larger centres where they may need medical treatment.

ical treatment. "I'm a senior citizen at 65 and often older people in the community need more services than the younger generation," he said. "Health care in par-ticular is huge. We have to ensure that we have avail-ble health care in genera able health care to people who can't travel easily outside of their community. Otherwise they're going to be moving to bigger cen-tres like Regina or Brandon. Centres where there are services, particularly diagnostic services, that are available. We have to have these types of servic-es available in local communities. That's one of the things we lack in this constituency. Over and over again this is an issue.

"We're seeing our local hospitals close because we don't have access to lab technicians, X-ray technicians, and nurses. We have to fund these services and ensure there are people available that are willing to move to the rural areas to do it. Right now we're seeing significant problems in Broadview and Wolseley with the shortfalls around lab techs. That's one thing that needs to be dealt with

communities. "We also need to have services that allow them to get to diagnostic services if they have to go to the city," he said. "I drive an awful lot of people into the city for different tests and treat-ments. I think STC buses would be a good solution to the problem. A lot of people are unable to make the trips to the city alone because of age or condi-tions that won't allow them to drive themselves."

to keep seniors in local

Melville-Saltcoats-Warren Kaeding, Sask Party

Melville-Saltcoats Sas katchewan Party candidate Warren Kaeding points to communication with com-munities as the biggest factor in attracting new business to the area.

"We need to continue

to engage with the local communities to determine what they've got and what they're looking for," said Kaeding. "We need to en-courage them to get out and have discussions with industry and support them industry and support them however they may come to us with proposals and ideas. "We might be able to do small local encouragement or we may need to go to cabinet and determine what we may need to do at that level to encourage business to come to the province overall."

Covid-19 has shone a spotlight on the impor-tance of supporting lo-cal business and Kaeding hopes people understand that all businesses in small communities need that lo-

cal support going forward. "It's an interesting di-lemma" he said. "How do we support our local busi-nesses? I would say we need to continue to talk about our small businesses.

We need to promote and support them whenever we get the opportunity, whether it's buying gas at the local convenient store or buying locally the best we can to support everyone in the community.

"So often though, people overlook the big box stores or the big chains and say, 'well that's really not local. I'd really like to re-mind people that there's local management, maybe local ownership if it's a franchise, there's local peo-ple behind each and every being regardless of how big or small they are in the community. I think they all need our support." No matter the demographic, Kaeding says communi-Kaeding says, communi-ties and government need to work together and fo-cus on providing the best environment for residents including services for se-niors to be able to continue to live in their homes.

Continued on page 7 🖙

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Auditor General finds Manitoba needs to do more to ensure safe water

BY ROB PAUL LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER

An investigation by Manitoba's Audi-tor General Tyson Shtykalo, found that the tor General Tyson Shiykalo, found that the province's Department of Conservation and Climate needs to be doing more to ensure the safety of drinking water in Manitoba. The entirety of the auditor general's find-ings are in the report, Provincial Oversight of Drinking Water Safety. The audit found the department's pro-cesses for licensing and monitoring drink-ing water systems did not adequately ad-dress safety risks. The audit also found the

dress safety risks. The audit also found the department had weak strategic planning and performance measurement processes

and performance measurement processes for overseeing drinking water safety. "The people and organizations that sup-ply drinking water to Manitobans must en-sure that water is safe to drink," Shtykalo said. "While Manitoba has not had any major outbreaks of waterborne diseases recently, the department needs to remain vigilant and do more to minimize the risk of problems in the future.

Shtykalo found that 20 per cent of known water systems in Manitoba didn't have an operating license. A licence outlines what a system operator must do to meet regua system operator must do to meet regu-latory requirements, including the water quality standards they must meet and the frequency of testing required. Most of these unlicensed systems were testing drinking water, but not at the expected frequency. "There were definitely some concerning findings in our report," he said. "The fact that these upon under gustome identified but

that there were water systems identified but not licensed—many hadn't been for several years—is concerning. The time it took for systems to be licensed and the number of expired licenses was certainly troubling. "We looked at licensing

"We looked at licensing, monitoring, and performance planning, and on the monitor-ing side we had several issues with their monitoring process and following up adverse tests

"That compounded with the lack of auto-mation and any kind of robust IT system to assist them in their monitoring is concern-

"Finally, one of the more concerning find-"Finally, one of the more concerning find-ings is how far the department has fallen back on operator certification," he said. "Several systems are operating out there without a certified operator." Although there's yet to be any issues from the water systems operating without licenses, Shtykalo says it increases risk to the consumers if water systems aren't cor-rectly following all resultations:

rectly following all regulations. "It's hard to say for sure," he said. "Risk is always increased when the appropriate

controls and processes aren't in place. "The gaps identified during our audit show there's an ongoing vigilance that's necessary to make sure that the water provided to Manitobans is safe. I think our recommendations in the report will only help to improve the safety of drinking water and ensure that the safety is maintained." The audit consisted of checking every

public and semi-public water system over-seen by the department in Manitoba, which means vastly different situations from sys-tem to system, Shtykalo said.

"The first thing to put things into perspec-tive, what we looked at was the water systhe what we looked at was the water sys-tems that are under the responsibility of the department," he said. "When we talk about water systems, we explain in our report, we're looking for what are called public wa-ter systems and semi-public water systems." "This product pruch more the survey of all

"This pretty much runs the gamut for the water systems—from the city of Winnipeg's water system, which is enormous, to the smaller semi-public water systems, which could just be a seasonal water system operating in a campground, to several smaller water systems in northern communities.

"Another example would be if you have a restaurant that's hooked up to its own private well, because they're serving the pub-

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10:10



Manitoba's Auditor General Tvson Shtykalo

lic, it's called a semi-public water system and would be covered under this." In recent years the department has been identified as the system of the system.

identifying more water systems through-out the province which has, in part, led to more unlicensed systems says Shtykalo.

"What happened was, several years ago the department realized that there were a lot of these unidentified semi-public systems," he said. "They put quite an effort into identi-fying them. Once they were identified, they were left with quite a backlog of systems that weren't licensed. The thing about the licenses are that they're operating licenses and they set out the rules that the public system needs to be operating under-the types of testing, the frequency of testing, the reporting requirements back to the denent. partn

"Without these operating licenses actu-ally laying out all the testing requirements what we saw was a lot of them doing more

ad hoc sampling, but perhaps not with the frequency and type of testing necessary." Shtykalo says an estimated half of known water systems in the province did not have

"Although many of these systems were very small, it is important that all water systems, no matter the size, have an opera-

tor who has received appropriate training and understands the system and safety re-

quirements," he said. The audit found the number of licensed drinking water systems in Manitoba nearly doubled over five years, but the number of staff assigned to license and monitor these systems decreased. It also found more work was required

to bring non-compliant water systems into compliance with provincial regulations, the

"What's required of the department is to license and monitor on an ongoing basis these public and semi-public water sys-tems," he said.

"We did identify that there was an in-creased number of these identified systems and their staffing did go down, but it's up to the department to handle that and that's where we think a strong strategic planning

"That way the department operates in some areas on a more risk-based process and implements some IT systems and autoand implements so ther i systems and ador-mated systems so they're getting more bet-ter information quicker and they're able to use that information to assist them in their monitoring and following up on adverse tests

"There's different things the department can do, but the responsibility lies with the department to ensure that they're meeting their mendete" their mandate.

It's the departments responsibility to en-sure these water systems are following reg-ulations, but Shtykalo doesn't believe it's negligence and says with the recommenda-tions from the audit the department will be able to get back on track and improve their processes process

"I think the reason that there are more water systems being identified is because they ter systems being identified is because they were doing their job and making a large effort to identify them," he said. "There are a few things that might complicate the process. For example, we put in our report that some of these semi-public systems are rather unique. They may be a water system in a hunting lodge far up north or a cottage water con the far spruding water that water co-op that's providing water that's not even meant to be consumed.

not even meant to be consumed. "They don't have specific operating li-censes for those unique types of systems. One of our recommendations is that the department put a priority in developing policy and regulations so that they can li-cense these. The department to their credit is working towards this and we're hoping the recommendations we're making will help them expedite that process." **Continued on page 34** FFF

Continued on page 34



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Movie theatres returning with Covid-19 restrictions

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER

As the summer weather fades and leaves change, there's less fun to be had outside. With Covid-19 throwing a wrench in many people's plans this year, the return of movie theatres provides a nice getaway option for a night. Movie theatres can offer a few hours to enjoy entertain-

ment and ease all the added stress of the last few months. Although theatres have to follow Covid-19 rules, the size of them allows for natural spacing and the emphasis has been put on cleaning protocols while still allowing for concessions to operate.

Moosomin Community Theatre The Moosomin Community Theatre will be re-opening after Thanksgiving and in the meantime they're prepar-ing for the return by implementing Covid-19 specific restrictions.

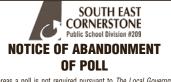
"We're opening after Thanksgiving so we're just work-ing on the Covid-19 stuff more or less," said committee member Jason Sheppard. "Every second row is going to be closed off and different things like that just to make sure everybody keeps their space." If anybody was worried that the Covid-19 restrictions

yould limit capacity at the theatre to a detrimental extent,

Sheppard says not to fret. "We can have 150 max," he said. "It's not going to be like, 'oh my gosh we can only have 20 people?! It' really not too bad. Just a few changes, but not much." Sheppard expects the re-opening to go well with ev-erybody understanding the new normal in 2020 with Co-vid-19

vid-19.

"Pretty much 90 per cent of it is making sure people are spaced out and we're on top of cleaning," he said. "We



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Dated at Weyburn, SK this 8th day of October, 2020.

Shelley Toth Returning Officer





The Moosomin Community Theatre was set to open after Thanksgiving weekend with Covid-19 restrictions in place.

just have to monitor people keeping their distance and that the more touched areas are sanitized two or three times a night.

"We just need to be aware of community transfer so if somebody does have it and they come to town we're do-ing everything we can."

As for concessions, people will be able to get anything they would on a regular theatre night, just with some ex-

"We're still going to do our normal concessions," he said. "We've just got to put a table in front of the conces-sions so we can keep that six-foot distance between peo-ple ordering. We're still going to offer popcorn, drinks, and chocolate bars like we would in a normal time."

With most people looking for something to do with Covid-19 impacting regular recreation, Sheppard thinks the theatre is a nice way to get people out to do something this fall.

"It's going to be pretty much normal just with extra cleaning," he said. "The thing is around here too people are more relaxed and wanting to go out and do things because there's not many cases around here. Most people aren't too worried and 99 per cent of people at the theatre

aren't too worried and 99 per cent or people at use usease are local anyway. "The big thing is giving them something to do, people keep asking when we're opening. People were worried because there's not much for movies coming out, but there really still is and we're picking the ones that look good and people will enjoy. Bring in movies and people will come because they want something to do. The main thing is giving them the option with the weather getting thing is giving them the option with the weather getting colder too."

Maryfield Auditorium

The Maryfield Auditorium re-opened on September 11 and things have been going well with some slight Co-vid-19 adjustments says committee member Lorraine Fidelak.

"We're running at one-third capacity, so 94 seats," said Fidelak. "We're lucky to have a theatre that has 312 seats. We haven't hit full capacity yet, but it's nice to have that availability. There's a lot of people who have missed movies for sure."

Covid-19 restrictions have changed the way the theatre operates to some extent to ensure there's not different groups coming into contact, but Fidelak says people are understanding of the new rules.

"We have put up signage to tell people what we would like them to do," she said. "We ask them to physically dis-tance, we've roped off the lobby so there's a row for com-ing into admission, and then if there's just two of them

ing into admission, and then if there's just two of them and not a lot of people in the lobby we will serve them concessions even though it's roped off. "If there's a group of people and other people are in the lobby then we ask the group to go upstairs and have one person come down to the concession and place the order for everyone. For the most part it's been running fairly smoothly. We have every second row roped off in the middle of the theater and avery third row of the outthe middle of the theatre and every third row on the outsides

With the way the concessions are set up at the Mary-

With the way the concessions are set up at the Mary-field Auditorium, there hasn't been any problems with serving popcorn and drinks to movie goers. "It's all been good," she said. "We sell canned pop and bottled water so refilling isn't an issue and we don't re-fill bags of popcorn. That has helped and because of that there hasn't been issues with concessions. We did have to make the procorn sessoning off limits".

make the popcorn seasoning off limits." Fidelak says with everybody used to following Cov-id-19 rules in everyday life, people are respectful of the motored at the short rotocols at the theatre. "People have definitely been understanding," she said.

They're more aware and cautious. We do have hand sanitizer out and each night the theatre and lobby areas are cleaned with disinfectant on the counters and handrails,

any highly touched areas. "The seats are disinfected too. It's a little bit more work with the cleaning, but it's a good plan to keep it safe. We tried our best to make sure we're meeting all the protocols

"We usually run with one community volunteer and two committee members but presently we're running with three committee members per movie. We just didn't want people to feel they should be coming to volunteer if they don't feel comfortable. We figured it would be easier

they don't feel comfortable. We figured it would be easier to run with just our own committee until at least Christ-mas instead of asking for volunteers." The theatre has only been open a month, but Fidelak says it's been a popular spot with people excited to get out and do something. "It's a good experience," she said. "At the first movie it was a good crowd—it was a Spongebob movie—and lots came the second night. Obviously they were missing the theatre experience."



Local candidates look at economic development

Continued from page 3 "We always talk about how it takes a community to raise a child," he said. "I would say it takes a community to support its residents, whether they're young or older other tables."

to support its residents, whether they're young or older adults. I think it's important we continue to encourage communities to provide services to keep our older adults engaged and make sure they're appreciated for their par-ticipation, work, and abilities they have and make sure we've got environments that are welcoming to older adults as well as for young people. "There's municipal elections coming up and I would say that's going to be the challenge that they have in front of them. How do we make our communities welcoming for everyone? From people that are within the province, from within the country, and outside the country. How do we make our communities welcoming and create an environment that they can succeed in and raise a family with confidence in each of our communities? Support is the focus." the focus.

Melville-Saltcoats Bonnie Galenzoski, NDP

NDP candidate in Melville-Saltcoats, Bonnie Galenzoski, thinks focussing on programs that assist businesses is the best way to help bring them to small communities in Saskatchewan. "The NDP's plan is to bring back start-up loans for small businesses," Galenzoski said. "That's one of the things we're looking at. Also, just investing more in people, investing in home care to train more people for home care to offer more services to allow for more people to live in rural communities, and just trying to get business back to small communities

Home care is the best way to help keep senior residents in their communities says Galenzoski, and she believes

the province must invest more into it. "My father is in a home, so that's one of the things that really is important to me," she said. "We're looking at in-vesting more in home care to keep people at home longer. Even in our care facilities we're looking at creating higher that durch to reach our me has our comision are holding. standards to make sure that our seniors are being looked after. But not only does investing in home care help se-niors stay home longer, it can also keep them close to fam-ily which is so important as we age."

Cannington **Daryl Harrison, Sask Party**

Oil and agriculture are the heart of rural communities says the Saskatchewan Party's Cannington candidate, Daryl Harrison, and he thinks promoting those industries

is the best way to attract new business. "Our constituency consists of an oil and agriculture base," Harrison said. "Most of the businesses are related to one or both of those industries. That's the attraction to southeast Saskatchewan, but certainly there's tourism and other avenues as well. But agriculture and oil will be our mainstay here for years to come and that's what attracts people." With guidelines in place for small businesses to safely

operate during the pandemic, Harrison thinks as long as the rules are followed businesses will be able to stay open.

"I think as long as the public health guidelines are fol-lowed, our businesses can remain opened and can contin-ue to adapt," he said. "If they're a retail business they've developed ways to conduct their sales and deal with their customers in safe ways within the public health guide-

"We certainly don't want to shut them down, they've got to be able to survive through this. Dustin Duncan and Scott Moe announced today, a 10 per cent savings on your SaskPower bill. That will obviously help families out month-to-month."

The most important factor in keeping senior citizens in their homes and around their family is ensuring rural communities have consistent access to home care, says communities have consistent access to home care, says Harrison. "Home care is a big part of allowing seniors to remain in their own homes and ensuring they're receiv-ing the care they need," he said. "Being able to have that independence to live in the home they grew up in and raised their family in is important. That's certainly a driv-ing force behind the importance of home care and hav-ing them come in to be taken care of while having family close by to help out". close by to help out."

Cannington Wes Smith, Buffalo Party Cannington Buffalo Party candidate Wes Smith believes

less regulation and lower taxes are the path to economic growth in rural Saskatchewan.

"We're looking at the long-term future of our province and what jobs and industries we can bring to our rural economy to keep our rural communities viable. There needs to be more encouragement for small businesses to be able to start up and flourish without government inter-

vention and red tape," he says. "Simpler tax laws would go a long way to encourag-ing businesses. Just let people go out and do the work without having the government there for every step of the way, which might slow them down or hold them back or discourage them." He believes it's important to keep younger people and

older people in small communities. "For older people, part of our plan outlines an elimina-tion of taxes for anyone over 70, so that should help them keep more of their own money in their own pocket, and

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keep more of their own money in their own pocket, and help keep them in their communities. "For younger people, keeping them in small commu-nities means having jobs for them. It means getting our resources to market, being competitive in Saskatchewan. A lot of our young people move out of the province to get jobs, but we want to encourage them to stay here. "We need to be proud of what we do. We have one of the cleaneet and best environmental records on the plan-

"We need to be proud of what we do. We have one of the cleanest and best environmental records on the plan-et. To think that we can't have our clean coal plants in Estevan running and take advantage of the carbon cap-ture system that we are so proud of in Saskatchewan, and to think we can't also integrate individual investment in products like solar with net metering, which we used to have. We had some new companies getting into solar and doing well and employing young people. I firmly believe these sectors can work hand-in-hand to be successful."

Cannington

Dianne Twietmeyer, NDP

Cannington NDP candidate Dianne Twietmeyer says the Cannington NDP candidate Dianne Twietmeyer says the best way to bring business to her riding is to keep projects provincial. How does she think economic development can be promoted in the area? "I can't speak to that," Twietmey-er said. "I'd have to consult Ryan Meili and other people for what they might be thinking for this riding. I know that they really would like to make sure that infrastructure projects go to Saskatchewan companies. That would prob-ably be the biggest thing and also the climate plan, which is to have new and provious actors in the enew industry. acty be the biggest thing and also the chinate plan, which is to have new and previous actors in the energy industry develop new clean energy, especially with an emphasis on the search for geothermal energy that provides sustainable clean energy for the province." Twietmeyer thinks the best way to help senior residents

is to invest in better home care options. "This is something that came from Ryan Meili recently,

he talked about more support for home care in helping se

"These community living places where seniors can live with other seniors without being in long-term care homes. Most small communities lift up seniors that way, but having that commitment to having home care for seniors to stay home is a wonderful idea

Follow the World-Spectator each week or www.world-spectator.com to keep up on Saskatchewan election news. Saskatchewan voters will go to the polls on Monday, October 26.



USask researchers' in vitro fertilization successful with baby bison

'It's a rare privilege to welcome newborn bison calves into the world. It's even more rare when those calves are the fruit of your labour.'

By LANA HAIGHT "I'm thrilled. It's very cool to actually see something that I was able to start from an egg and then an embryo, and actually get a calf out of it. It's very rewarding," said Miranda Zwiefelhofer, a graduate student in the Department of Veterinary Biomedical Sciences at the Western College of Veterinary Medicine at the University of Saskatchewan (USask) and a member of the research team headed by Dr. Gregg Adams (DVM).

In early July, two Wood bison calves were born at USask's Livestock and Forage Centre of Excellence's specialized livestock facility, southeast of Saskatoon. The bison calves are the first to be born from frozen in vitro embryos produced from immature eggs that were collected from live bison.

mature eggs that were collected from live bison. Adams' team is refining protocols for advanced reproductive techniques to be used with bison in the wild. Zwiefelhofer focused on determining the ideal age and stage of development for an embryo to be frozen in order to result in a successful pregnancy.

"We can make a large quantity of embryos, but only some are capable of producing a bison calf," she said.

Although 500,000 bison can be found in national parks and on commercial farms throughout North America, they are a "near threatened" species, according to the International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List. Rare and isolated bison genetics are locked away in remote locations. Adams and his team are determined to preserve these valuable genetics through reproduction.

these valuable genetics through reproduction. Zwiefelhofer's project started in the summer of 2019 when she and others in Adams' team collected eggs from 32 bison cows, using minimal handling methods including sedating the bison and using field darts to deliver treatments. Zwiefelhofer then moved

Zwiefelhofer then moved from the field to the lab. First, she grew the eggs to maturity and fertilized them with frozen-thawed semen and produced 75 in vitro embryos. Then, she

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Visit us online at www.plainandvalley.com observed the embryos for several days as the single cell divided into two and then four and so on until the cells became compact and a cavity formed. With different embryos growing at different rates, they were frozen in liquid nitrogen at different stages of development (from morulas to expanded blastocysts) and on different days after fertilization (seven to nine days), all critical pieces of information for Zwiefelhofer's research. In October 2019, the re-

In October 2019, the research moved out of the lab and back to the animals. Zwiefelhofer selected embryos based on the various stages of development and the age when they were frozen. She gradually thawed the ones she deemed to be of the highest quality. The



The two new bison calves, named Skeeter and Mo, born from frozen in vitro embryos.

team transferred embryos to 28 bison cows. When examined 30 days later, five cows were pregnant. Throughout pregnancy,

three cows lost their calves. When The two bison calves born later, were the result of morulae frozen seven or eight days after fertilization. Like an expectant parent, Zwiefelhofer was on baby watch for days before the calves were born.

Watch for days before the calves were born. "We knew it was coming. We could see the mothers" udders starting to fill up and getting really pink. We made sure to drive by every 12 hours starting about a week before they were born," said Zwiefelhofer, who named the calves Skeeter and Mo.

Skeeter and Mo. Not only are the new calves the first bison to be born using immature eggs collected from live bison, they are only the third and fourth calves to be born from frozen in vitro embryos.

"This is a pretty big deal. That we have two calves and originally had five pregnancies shows these technologies really do work. Freezing and thawing the embryos is the difficult part. We could use fresh embryos and get a higher pregnancy rate, but to transport embryos in a biosecure manner, they need to be frozen," said Zwiefelhofer, who is working toward earning a PhD. With this latest research, scientists have new tools in their toolbox for ensuring the survival of pure genetics of wood and plains bison herds that are scattered throughout North Ameri-

ca, she said. The Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada and the Saskatchewan Agriculture Development Fund contributed funding for this research.



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APAS releases election priorities

BY ROB PAUL LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER With the provincial election coming up, the Agricul-tural Producers Association of Saskatchewan have re-leased their election priorities for the agricultural sector. The set of proposals are designed to get candidates from all political parties to implement ways to best support the priorities to implement budgers.

all political parties to implement ways to best support the agricultural sector into their platforms. "Agriculture has ended up being a major driver of the economy during Covid-19," said APAS President Todd Lewis. "While many other sectors have slowed, agricul-ture has actually performed better. But farmers car't be the backbone of the economy without the right govern-ment policy."

The proposals put together by APAS cover what they see as the most impactful issues plaguing modern pro-ducers in major areas like infrastructure, environmental

stewardship, resource development on farmland, busi-ness risk management, and changing demographics. "We're focussing on some big issues," Lewis said. "Improving rural infrastructure like internet, cell service, and natural gas is urgent, as is committing to pub-lic research and fixing business risk management pro-grams so they actually work for farmers. These are just a few of the major challenges to agriculture that we need all the candidates to acknowledge."

APAS gas sent their list of proposals to every regis-tered political party in Saskatchewan and will be track-

ing their responses. "Our hope is to see these recommendations represent-ed in party platforms," Lewis said.

APAS election priorities

Investment in science and infrastructure to grow the economy

- my: Close the digital divide between urban and rural Saskatchewan by ensuring that all the rural resi-dents have access to affordable, secure, reliable, and high-capacity internet and cellphone service. Improve access to natural gas and three-phase power for agricultural uses through incentives and cost-charging programs.
- and cost-sharing programs. Invest in transportation infrastructure by en-suring adequate budget for road, highway and bridge maintenance while supporting the viabil-ity and expansion of Saskatchewan short line rail-
- ways. Ensure Saskatchewan builds on the success of APAS' public model for agricultural research by continuing to commit public dollars to fund plant breeding, crop development, extension initia-tives, and other R&D activities that grow the sec-
- tives, and other R&D activities that grow the sector and enhance profitability of producers.
 Improving risk sharing:
 Improve AgriStability for the remainder of the current federal-provincial agreement (expires 2023) by making enrolment flexible, enhancing coverage levels, and eliminating the Reference Margin Limit.
 Make plane to to replace or supplement AgriSta
- Make plans to to replace or supplement AgriSta-bility after the current federal-provincial agree-ment expires in 2023, by setting aside money and making a real plan to develop new margin protection and insurance tools.
- Modernize crop insurance through changes to yield coverage calculations and premium-setting Work with the federal government to enhance the
- Western Livestock Price Insurance Program by permanently sharing the cost of premiums with producers and expanding insurance options to other livestock sectors. other livestock sectors. Stewardship and the environment:

Recognize environmental goods and services and leverage agriculture's contributions to the fight against climate change by: finalizing a "Made-in Saskatchewan" carbon credit/offset framework that rewards Saskatchewan producers for car-



APAS President Todd Lewis hopes each provincial parties platform addresses APAS' priorities.

bon sequestration efforts by 2021 and improving Farm Stewardship and Environmental Farm Plan programs to recognize and enhance the value of environmental practices on farms.

- environmental practices on farms. Increase investment in water management initia-tives to support flood and drought mitigation, including: financial support for organized water management through the creation of Conserva-tion and Development Area Authorities (C&Ds) and other local water management boards to im-prove land use efficiency while reducing risks of downstream flooding and increase investment and support for community irrigation and wa-ter retention/distribution projects to mitigate drought risk.
- Brengthen landowner protections by conduct-ing a thorough review of the Saskatchewan Sur-face Rights legislation and the role of the Surface Rights Arbitration Board to identify and address
- Growing opportunities:
 Apply beginning farmer "lens" to all agricultural programme that successful applicants' municipal taxes and landowner lease agreements are in good standing as a precondition of grant approval.
 Growing opportunities:
 Apply beginning farmer "lens" to all agricultural policy decision particularly with prepart to busic.
- Apply beginning farmer "lens" to all agricultural policy decisions, particularly with respect to busi-ness risk management programs and recommen-dations for the next policy framework. Work with APAS and other farm organizations to improve provincial and federal tax incentives to
- help beginning farmers access land and farming opportunities
- Develop training programs and support to en-courage the development of the agricultural la-bour force.
- Enhance vital health and education services in rural Saskatchewan.

APAS President Todd Lewis

To contact Plain & Valley call 306-435-2445

With the upcoming provincial election, APAS Presi-dent Todd Lewis thought this would be the perfect time to shine a spotlight on some of the top priorities in the

agriculture industry that need to be addressed over the next few years to continue the growth of Saskatchewan. "We certainly lobby year round on these kind of top-ics and quality ideas," Lewis said. "Provincial policies do affect agriculture, and agriculture is the huge eco-nomic driver in the province so there's no better time than an election cycle to talk about these policies. For instance, some of the ones we put out, like business risk management review programming, has been under re-view by the federal and provincial government for the last three or four years. They've been reviewing the dif-ferent parts of business risk management, be it AgriSta-bility or AgriInvest or crop insurance.

First parts of obsiness risk management, be if Agnista-bility or Agrilhvest or crop insurance. "If s all very important to Saskatchewan producers on both the livestock and the grain side. I think going for-ward in the next mandate there will be another five-year program put together between the federal government ord provingers.

"I believe it comes up in 2023 so it'll be in the next government's mandate to renegotiate the program go-ing forward. It's important to talk about it now and

ing forward. It's important to talk about it now and hopefully get into the new parties platforms how they see these programs and what improvements are needed. "Another important topic is the infrastructure avail-ability, be it internet or cell service or even natural gas or three phase power," he said. "We need that to grow our industry here in the province. With the internet and cell phone availability it's become more important with Covid-19 because there's so much business learning go-ing on and people working from home. It's really shone a light on how poor the service is in many parts of the province and it's important we talk about what parties would bring forward with the next government over the next few years to improve the service. "We're going to need to see some concrete ideas come forward on how we're going to see the service im-proved. That's another example of a policy that really affects producers province wide."

Lewis says it was important to get APAS' agriculture priorities out early to see how each political party will address them in their platforms and he's confident there

address them in their platforms and he's confident there will continue to be progress on these issues. "There's no better time than election to speak about these kinds of topics," he said. "It's not something that gets fixed overnight, but at the same time we need to be lobbying and pointing out the ideas and solutions by identifying the problem. I think on a lot of these issues we have seen progress, with cell service for instance we have new towers being built by SaskTel and things like that. That's an example of continued improvements and we just need to continue pushing for accelerated im-provements. "We are fairly confident that the government and pol-

iticians are aware of these issues and it's just important now that it's brought to the forefront. Even on the telecommunication side, the federal government has pro-grams and anything we can do to see the province and federal government working together on this problem is an example we'd like to see of good cooperation on both levels of government."

Continued on page 15 18





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saskparty.com Authorized by the Business Manager's for Warren Kaeding, Steven Bonk, and Daryl Harrison

Sheering sheep on the Hanlin farm

BY DONNA BEUTLER When it comes to sheep, Tim and Jen Hanlin of the Whitewood area have been in the business for the past

13 years. "We bought our first 15 ewes 13 years go," Jen said. "Our flock numbers have gone up and down over the years," she added, say-ing that they have had as many as 275 but presently have 175.

The Hanlins are busy both on and off the farm and raising four children, Tristan 19, Sam 14, Sydney 12 and Delaney 10. Both Jen and Tim work off the farm as well with Ien working part time for PIC as well as running a professional photography business. Tim works in the oilfield and also runs his own far-rier business. The Hanlin family also raise livestock

guardian dogs. Jen said their planned shearing day earlier this year didn't materialize until August but with the whole family working to-gether, along with sheep shearer Cliff Metheral, the job got done and Jen, a professional photogra-pher, was able to have her camera on hand to get a few pictures of the crew on hand, including Sue, the

dog. The Hanlins are very de-pendent upon their Collie who is used, as Jen says,

Following the Septem-ber 23 Speech from the Throne, the Grain Grow-ers of Canada (GGC) said they are disappointed that many of the pressing needs

for Canada's agriculture industry were left unad-

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Delaney Hanlin (10) packs wool into wool bags during a busy sheep shearing day at the Hanlin farm near Whitewood.

"for everything." Sue gathers and sorts in the pens and makes the Hanlins' lives so much easier.

The night before shear-ing, the Hanlins are busy setting up for the next day. The ewes are pulled off pasture so their tummies are empty for shearing day. Shearing day happens once a year at the Han-lin farm and the wool is shipped off. The cost of shearing is covered by what they get when they coll their upol

sell their wool.

Grain growers say ag concerns not addressed

in Throne Speech

dressed by the federal gov-

Earlier that week, the Grain Growers launched its own Speech from the Combine, outlining six

priority areas for Canada's agriculture sector that re-

ernment.

"We average about 1.6 lambs per ewe by weaning time," Jen explained of the sheep. "They can be very productive and can weam more than a ewe's own body weight in lambs." In comparison to cattle, they can run about six ewes to

one cow. Jen says one of the things she likes about raising sheep and working with sheep is that she doesn't have to worry about the kids getting hurt when helping (as compared to

quire immediate attention, in the hopes that this mes-saging would be reflected in the throne speech. These areas included:

Business Risk Management

programs; agricultural sci-ence and innovation; crop

health: trade access: carbon

tax exemptions; and cellu-lar service and connectivity

"Our goal with the Speech from the Combine was to provide the gov-ernment with clear and

specific directives for what

our industry needs right now to drive an economic

recovery and benefit all Canadians," Nielsen ex-

Continued on page 15

in rural areas.

plained.

large livestock like cattle). This was especially impor-tant to the Hanlins when their children were younger.

It is important to shear It is important to snear the sheep because with-out the regular shearing of their wool from their bodies, a sheep's ability to regulate their body temperatures is impeded. As for the downside

to sheep-raising, Jen lists predators and fencing as

the top challenges. With shearing done for



Cliff Metheral shears sheep at the Tim and Jen Hanlin farm on an August 2020 sheep shearing day. Jen and Tim are assisted by their children as well as Cliff during the annual event.

this year, the Hanlins will lambing season and next gear up for next year's year's shearing day!



The provincial election is on October 26. From October 19 to 25, tune in to **Growing Agriculture on AccessNow TV** and RealAgriculture.com.

Agricultural producers and political candidates will discuss the top issues for Saskatchewan farmers and ranchers. Hosted by Shaun Haney of RealAgriculture.

Watch on AccessNow TV

October 19–21 4:30-6:00 pm | 9:30-11:00 pm October 22–25 7:00-8:30 pm

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Farmland values influenced by many factors

For most farms, farmland is the biggest asset, and in recent decades, land values have appreciated steadily, making it a great investment. In many cases, the increase has contributed more wealth to the farm than the income derived from the production.

Beginning farmers wonder how they'll ever be able to afford to buy land. Retiring farmers wrestle with how to transition the farm to the next generation when so much value is in the land base. Everyone wishes they could know what farmland values will do in the future. The annual FCC Farmland Values

Report tracks and highlights average changes in cultivated farmland valuesregionally, provincially and nationally. Using a system based on benchmark farm properties across the country, it provides important information to help producers manage risk and make in-formed business decisions.

Over the past decade, the biggest increases in the national value of farmland came in 2011 to 2014, at over 14% in each of those years. In 2013, the increase was more than 22%

Since 2015, national increases have been more modest with 2019 pegged at 5.2%. However, the FCC Farmland Values Report recorded a great deal of vari-ability across the country. While Alberta had a 3.3% increase in 2019, Prince Edward Island's farmland prices increased by 22.6%.

The variation in prices within a specific region can be huge. For instance, in B.C.'s Okanagan region, 2019 farmland prices ranged from a low of \$9,500 to a high of \$163,800 an acre. The value range represents 90% of the sales in each region and excludes the top and bottom 5%. Price variation within a region comes

from different use options and suitabil-ity, parcel size, quality and location. The FCC report highlights the factors affecting prices in each region.

Supply and demand

Land values follow the laws of sup-ply and demand. A shortage of available land in a region (low supply) and many farmers interested in buying land (high demand) are factors contributing to higher prices.

Since farmland prices in almost all regions of the country have steadily increased for many years, there is some-times an assumption that land prices will never decline. However, land prices fell in many regions from the early 1980s to the early 1990s due to low farm gate returns and record-high interest rates

Interest rates

Interest rates have hovered near record lows since 2010. Low interest rates favour increased farmland values.

With low interest rates, mortgage pay-

ments are more affordable, allowing buyers to pay a higher land price as long as they have the down payment and can demonstrate repayment ability.

Low interest rates also make land an appealing investment compared to investment bonds or GICs (Guaranteed Investment Certificates).

Outside investor influence

Non-farmer investors influence land prices, particularly in scenarios where they anticipate a strong return on investment. However, in most land markets, the main factor is competition from farmers looking to expand their operations.

When investors own a significant amount of land in a region, they can im-pact the land rental market. Local pro-ducers usually end up farming the land even though they don't own it

Relationship between prices, rental rates and farm income

Land prices and cash rents for land are both influenced by the farm revenue generated from that land. However, prices and cash rents can sometimes move in opposite directions, and the relationship etween the two can be very different in different regions. Consider land that's selling for \$3,000

an acre and is cash renting for \$100 an



acre. The rent provides an annual return of 3.3% before the payment of property taxes. Now consider land with a value of

\$10,000 an acre with a cash rent of \$200. That's an annual return of just 2% before property taxes.

For an investor, the annual return is more attractive on the lower-priced land in this example. Of course, an investor would also consider which property has the most significant opportunity to increase in value

The bottom line is that land prices, cash rents and farm revenue will tend to move together over time. But there are periods when one of these variables may not match the pattern of the other two. Market adjustments can take time, and past relationships in these variables can evolve based on the outlook of the farm economy

The productive value of land

You'll sometimes hear someone pro claim, "That land is so expensive that it will never pay for itself." The net farm revenue you can derive from a parcel of land may not make the mortgage payment on its own. Revenue from other land or off-farm revenue can be required to afford that new parcel of land.

Does that make buying land a bad deal? There are two revenue considerations with land - the revenue from what you produce on the land and the wealth generation if the value of land continues to appreciate.

a farmer, you can be cash poor while being asset rich. Revenue and cash flow can be a struggle while your net worth continues to increase courtesy of the land you own.

When is farmland overpriced? To determine if land is becoming more expensive in relation to the income it generates, a price-to-revenue ratio is often used. Analysts take the average farmland price per acre in a region and divide that by the average expected receipts per acre. To calculate the expected receipts, a

standard crop rotation is assumed, and the average crop prices and average expected yields are used.

There's no "ideal" value for the ratio as the mix of crops, the region and the outlook for crop revenues all influence. According to FCC analysis, the price-torevenue ratio has been rising since 2014 and is now above its historical average. That means affordability has been declining relative to farm income, and that land is expensive from a historical stand-point. But this is not necessarily indicative of future land price declines. The higher ratio can be sustainable if buyers and sellers believe in stronger future growth in farm revenues, continued low interest rates, etc

Making land purchase decisions

While passion is commendable, it's unwise to let emotion govern farmland purchase decisions

If you're a field crop producer, you need access to fields, and you can either rent the land or own it. Most producers have a combination of both.

Farmland has always appeared too expensive, but waiting for prices to drop has been an unsuccessful strategy for many decades.

Farmland often carries an emotional attachment, particularly if it's land that has been in the family for many years. While passion is commendable, it's unwise to let emotion govern farmland purchase decisions. Be clear on your short and long-term goals and objectives and crunch the numbers for a detailed financial analysis.



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Combines standing ready, moments before taking off 221 tonnes of canola from 230 acres. That comes roughly to 41 bushels an acre.

Harvest of Hope grows 221 tonnes for those in need

BY VICTOR VAN DER MERWE

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER Anyone that has lived on the prairies for even a few months know just how important this time of year is to farmers. The effort and investment of the whole growing season comes down to a few weeks of harvest.

With a hint of dust in the air at harvest time, kicked up by combines across the area and overflowing grain trucks overflowing, it is hard not to be grateful and hard not to feel lucky to live in a place where the harvest has been good.

Not everyone in the world is this lucky. Kyle Penner and the volunteers that gathered together in a field north of Moosomin on Saturday, September 19, know this and that is why they took time away from their land to come and work the 230 acres set aside for the Moosomin Harvest of

All proceeds from the seventh annual Harvest of Hope will go to the Canadian Foodgrains Bank to support th

goal of ending gobal hunger. "The Moosomin Harvest of Hope really represents what the Canadian Foodgrains Bank has always done, since its



Farmers! Got unwanted pesticides or livestock/equine medications?

Safely dispose of unwanted or obsolete agricultural pesticides and livestock/ equine medications - no charge! Take them to the following locations on the dates noted between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

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inception, which is largely around people in the Canadian prairies. They were able to be generous to those who do not have enough food in other parts of the world, to those that are struggling. That can sometimes be because of disaster, and sometimes it is the result of situations that are really difficult for families to overcome in developing nations Now you have Canadian farmers' support and lots of other people and businesses that want to contribute to help end hunger," said Rick Block, Regional Representative for the Canadian Foodgrains Bank.

Why the Canadian Foodgrains Bank?

Kyle Penner who is a project leader for the Harvest of Hope, feels that the Canadian Foodgrains Bank makes a real difference.

"The Canadian Foodgrains Bank is a fantastic organization with a track record of wanting to help people. I've become and stayed involved for three reasons. The first reason is that I have family involved in another Foodgrains Bank project in another part of the country and have seen other examples of what can be done when a community comes together. It's hap-pening here too, with all of our private and corporate

cahi\(icsa

cleanfarms10

sponsors getting and stay-ing behind the project. The second reason is recogniz-ing the local impact we can have on a global scale.

"A few years ago a rep-resentative from Lebanon came to Moosomin to talk about what our fundraisabout what our fundrais-ing was being used for at that time. We were help-ing feed something like 30,000 refugees per month who had been displaced from Syria due to the civil war. Lthick it's covering war. I think it's amazing that doing the things we are good at, like farming, and giving up a small por-tion of the plenty we have here in Canada, we can help make that kind of an impact on the other side of the world," said Penner.

His third reason has to do with e the multiplication pro-His third reason has to do with e the multiplication pro-vided through the partnership of the Foodgrains Bank and the federal government. "Where else can you get your investment of time, energy, and resources leveraged up to 4:1. It's an amazing charity with good connections that makes a real difference," said Penner. Within three hours, the combine harvesters produced 221 tonnes of canola. That comes roughly to 41 bushels an

acre. The Canadian Foodgrains Bank has about 220 growing and community projects each year. Last year, together they raised \$6.5 million. In Saskatchewan alone, there are 24

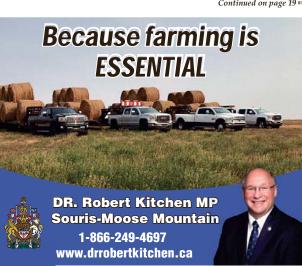
growing projects and 23 in Manitoba this year. The Moosomin Harvest of Hope has rai \$360,000 since it started back 2013. Hope has raised almost

Conservation Agriculture

The Foodgrains Bank is not just providing emergency food assistance to those who need it, Block talks of helping local farmers in other parts of the world get the most out of their own piece of land and how to grow more and better food.

"There is a program called Scaling up Conservation Ag-riculture in east Africa that, as of last year, have trained now over 65,000 families within the whole network and re-gion. There's lots of smaller partner organizations that are beling to extend that training and in a nutshell, farmers in Saskatchewan and across the prairies really get it, because we transitioned from a traditional heavy tillage system which is where you grew a crop one year and then you just had summer fallow another year and you were just always had summer fallow another year and you were just always tilling your land and losing carbon allosing organic mat-ter. We were "mining the soil." Nowadays with continuos cropping, which does require inputs and being very astute in terms of the soil fertility, you are protecting the soil and you are cycling nutrients more fully in the system. That whole idea is modified and adapted to the context of a small holder farms in Africa, but the idea is similar. Instead of heavy mechanical tilling or even if you are using hand tools, instead of turning your soil so much it is really trying to minimize the amount of soil that is disturbed. The idea is keeping a mulch over your soil, and in the tropics trying to keep the soils cooler is actually a benefit, and that requires rotating crops as well. With that kind of (tilling) system, if you grew the same crop year after year, you would come you grew the same crop year after year, you would come into too many issues with disease and pests, so it requires this idea of crop rotation. Which dovetails well into the importance of understanding nutrition," said Block.

Continued on page 19



APAS releases election priorities

Continued from page 9

One of the main priorities for the agriculture industry is ensuring young farmers continue on as producers and Lewis says meeting APAS's priorities will help keep the industry growing and help it diversify with more demo-

industry growing and may be a set of the set sity. We end up with young producers with young fami-lies having to consider where they're going to live in this province. There's parts of rural Saskatchewan where it's very difficult if you have school aged children that have no access to the internet.

"It's pretty difficult to have your kids in school without internet anymore. Even at the university level we've seen examples where students can't take their distance learning on the farm and have to move to a larger centre so they have internet availability. "It's a big picture problem trying to keep producers interested in continuing on the farm or taking over the

farm. Our livestock industry certainly needs to see young people come in and be interested in raising cattle and con-tinuing to maintain the cow herd.

"I think those are more examples that if we have good policy and good economic activity we'll be able to attract young people," he said. "The best way to attract young people is to have a strong and vibrant industry and government policy certainly impact that."

APAS' priorities tie into one another and compliment each other, said Lewis, and by addressing them it will help Saskatchewan move forward economically after Co-

"A strong and health industry is the best way to attract investment and people," he said. "That's why it's so im-portant to address these policies during an election and speak about agriculture. That's why we put these policy ideas out there and see where all the narties sit so we can ideas out there and see where all the parties sit so we can have a conversation about it during the election.

"As I said, agriculture is a big part of the economy in this province and a real major driver. Saskatchewan is positioned well as we come out of Covid-19 and continue with the recovery of the province. Our province can do

very well in the recovery phase and agriculture can help lead that recovery."

The key reason APAS released their election priories was to continue the conversation on these issues was to continue the conversation on these issues in agri-culture and push for the provincial government to make changes to help Saskatchewan's biggest industry. "We're looking at if some of these quality ideas get put into provincial platforms for all the parties," he said.

We're just hoping we'll end up with a good robust dis-cussion about these policies during the election time. Pro-ducers look forward to seeing the replies from the differ-ent parties and hopefully we see some results with these ideas working their way into party platforms. That's why we put this out before the writ, this is when platforms and strategies are being put together. "It was important to get these ideas out on the table

now so politicians can have a look at it as they're cam-

"It's certainly going to be a different election with the way the Covid-19 restrictions impact it, but we're looking plays out.

Grain growers say ag concerns not addressed in Throne Speech

** Continued from page 12 "We are disappointed that so little attention was paid to addressing the challenges facing our sector." During the Speech from the Throne, it was stated that,

"[the] Government will recognize farmers, foresters, and ranchers, as key partners in fight against climate change, supporting efforts to reduce emissions and build resilience

GGC said it is pleased with this statement as the organization has consistently shared with the government that farmers wish to be part of the solution.

4

Doug Chap

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NOW AVAILA

Unfortunately, the Grain Growers said this sentiment has not been reflected in the recent conversations that the group has had with the government. From consultations on carbon offset protocols to the

criteria for the proposed Clean Fuel Standard, we have not felt that our perspective has been acknowledged, said Nielsen.

"We hope that today's message sets a new tone going forward as we are more than willing to step up and play a role in addressing climate change." Going forward, GGC will work closely with federal and

Doug's

the second

provincial agriculture ministers to ensure that Canada's agriculture industry remains top of mind, Nielsen added. Although we are disappointed today, we will continue to do what we always do-advocate for Canadian farmers

One bright spot was the indication by Prime Minister Justin Trudea that improving rural connectivity will be a priority for this session of parliament. "COVID-19 has highlighted more than ever how criti-

celly rural areas need improved cellular wireless, internet connectivity, and broadband access," Nielsen said. "The cutting-edge tools available in today's agriculture world, which help us reduce inputs and produce more

crops on less land, are only as good as the connection they

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2009 66' Seed Hawk, 12" spacing w/800 seed cart conveyer & bag lift.	\$160.000
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37ft 5600 Case IH Cultivator with 4 row Degelmen harrows	\$20,000
HAY CONDITIONER	
2010 16 ft. 1476 Heston hay conditioner	
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GGC make 'Speech from the Combine

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER

Prior to the federal government's Speech from the Throne, the Grain Growers of Canada (GGC) released Hierown "Speech from the Combine," a video asking for government support for Canada's grain industry in order to drive the post pandemic recovery. o drive the post pandemic recovery. In a seven-minute video from GGC Chair Jeff Nielsen-

who made the speech from his farm in Olds, Alberta—the Speech from the Combine outlines six priorities that re-quire immediate attention in order to help position the agriculture industry for success.

The six requests of the federal government are to pro-vide effective Business Risk Management programs, support science and innovation in agriculture, support crop health, help improve trade access, provide carbon tax exemptions, and improve cellular service and connectivity in rural areas.

From his combine, Nielsen walked through why, more now than ever, Canada must support the agriculture in-dustry as the pandemic recovery continues.

"2020 has been tough, Canadians across our country have felt the impact of Covid-19, but as a farmer I'm a natural born optimist and I know the clouds are going to clear," Nielsen said.

"We can recover from this and Canada's agriculture industry is uniquely positioned to drive our economic recovery in the months and years ahead. In rural communities, where farmers live, there is a general trule, when someone needs help we all show up no questions asked. Right now our community is Canada. Farmers want to help and we are eager to help, we just need the federal government to set us up to do so." With the unpredictability of the agriculture industry,

Nielsen and the GGC are asking for the federal govern-ment to consider implementing more modernized Business Risk Management programs that fall in line with the current state of farming.

"There are six main areas in which Canadian grain armers need immediate support right now," he said. "And we along with other farm organizations have clear and direct feedback on how you can support us. Farm-ers love their jobs but sometimes we face circumstances beyond our control. That is when we need Business Risk Management programs to give us a hand up, not a hand-out. AgriStability is currently the best Business Risk Man-agement program to support farmers impacted by these uncontrollable factors, including weather, trade disputes, and transportation challenges. The program's current pa-rameters were put in place at a time when farm incomes were higher and trade barriers were lower, that's no longer the reality and as a result many farmers simply can't use the program today. We -1use the program today. We, along with a number of other farm organizations, feel the program should reflect the current realities of farming. We have one clear ask for the government, immediately restore program coverage to 85 per cent of historical reference margins and remove the reference margin limit."

For the agriculture industry to continue to grow in Can-ada, Nielsen says the government must invest in opportunities to develop innovative ways for farming to advance and reach its potential here.

"Science and innovation are critical to maintaining the profitability, competitiveness, and sustainability of our

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"We are all looking at you, our elected leaders, to restore certainty and peace of mind to our daily lives and sustainability to our economy, a privilege we have long enjoyed and come to expect in this wonderful country. The agriculture sector is ready to help you do this, we have already shown up. We are ready to work and thrive, so let's get started together."

-Jeff Nielsen

sector, but Canada is lagging behind" he said. "Already we're seeing U.S. and Latin American farmers access new tools and technology before us. Plant breeding innova-tions can help us increase productivity and sustainability, improve crop nutritional value and quality, combat pests and disease, and enhance food safety. We have the poten-tial to be a loader in this area but you pade a propulatory tial to be a leader in this area, but we need a regulatory environment that creates a clear and predictable pathway for investments needed to ensure this innovation comes Canada. We also need a commitment to make up for the year of fuel trials that were lost due to Covid-19. And to privatize agricultural research now and into the future. We are asking that you modernize the regulations to enwe are assumed using your independent of the regulations to en-able innovation in plant breeding, pave the way for in-vestments in new technologies that will benefit farmers, consumers, and the environment, such as gene editing, and increase funding towards Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada research.'

For Canada to continue to be seen as one of the best crop producing countries and uphold its reputation going

crop producing countries and uphold its reputation going forward, Nielsen says the government needs to invest in the Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA). "As farmers we rely on the Pest Management Regula-tory Agency to approve products to maximize our grow-ing potential, protect the health of citizens and our envi-ronment, and protect Canada's reputation for delivering acfe hide wullter generate the world. However, in the appet safe high quality crops to the world. However, in the next 10 years, the annual number of PMRA projects involving pesticide re-evaluations will triple, exceeding the exist-ing capacity and resources. We need assurance that our povernment will provide the necessary support to ensure PMRA can keep doing its job and ensure that we have the tools available to do ours. We also need to ensure that our agencies can generate accurate data going forward to protect the health of people and the environment and our global reputation for safety and scientific accuracy. We are asking that you provide adequate funding to the PMRA to keep up with their increasing workload and establish a Pan-Canadian Water Monitoring Program under the pur-

view of the PMRA, to ensure access to accurate data." Lack of regulation in free trade agreements have hurt the market in the agriculture industry and Nielsen says to ensure Canada is benefiting from them they must focus

on proper implementation of the agreements. "In order for our industry to thrive, we need to diversi-fy and expands markets for Canadian grains, pulses, and oilseeds," he said. "For many years Canada embarked on an ambitious free trade agenda, which has resulted in the creation of many free trade agreements over the past de-

cade—including the comprehensive economic and trade agreement (CETA) with the European Union. However, the success of those agreements has been mixed. CETA, which holds much promise for agri-food exporters, con-tinues to fall short. We need you, our legislators, to stand unues to fail short we leaded you, our legislators, to stand up for free trade and ensure proper implementation of our existing free trade agreements, our bottom line depends on it. We are asking that you provide adequate funding within Global Affairs Canada to ensure that trade agree-

within Global Attairs canada to ensure that that a give ments such as CETA are properly implemented." Nielsen says the carbon tax is only punishing farmers who have no other options for cropping drying despite their efforts to make major advancement in reducing emissions in recent years.

"In recent years a carbon tax has been rolled out di-"In recent years a carbon tax has been rolled out di-rectly affecting farmers using propane and natural gas to dry their grain," he said. "To date, there is no alternative encourage a transition to lower carbon options as it's in-tended to do. Instead it just unfairly penalizes farmers. Furthermore, farming conditions in recent years have re-quired above normal use of grain dryers, meaning higher costs for farmers at a time when their profit margins are already uver thin As farmere one of our main goals is to already very thin. As farmers, one of our main goals is to ensure our land is sustainable for generations to come. We have adopted many practices in recent decades that promote lower carbon emissions and now we're looking to you, our government, to recognize the work we have done in this area and not penalize us unfairly. We are ask ing that you immediately pass legislation to exempt all on-farm fuel from the carbon tax." The lack of internet and cell service in rural Canada

has long been an issue in the agriculture industry, and Nielsen says the pandemic has put an exclamation on an issue that's overdue in being addressed. "Rural connectivity has long been an issue for the ag-riculture sector, but Covid-19 has highlighted more than ever how critical rural areas need improved cellular and wireless internet competivity and broadband access?"

wireless internet connectivity and broadband access," he whereas internet connectivity and broadband access, he said. "Agriculture is developing new innovative tools ev-ery year to reduce imputes and produce more crops on less land, however, those tools are only as good as the connectivity we have. We need major investments in infrastructure for high-speed internet in homes, and just as importantly, cell and internet signal availability in farmimportantly, cell and internet signal availability in farm-ers fields across the country. We are asking that you ex-pedite the new national target, set out in Budget 2019, to deliver high-speed internet to every Canadian home and business. We are all looking at you, our elected leaders, to restore certainty and peace of mind to our daily lives and sustainability to our economy, a privilege we have long enjoyed and come to expect in this wonderful coun-try. The agriculture sector is ready to help you do this, we have already shown up. We are ready to work and thrive, so let's get started together." o let's get started together.





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LIVESTOCK PRICES	JANUARY 2020 FORECAST \$/CWT	ACTUAL JANSEPT. \$/CWT	FORECAST NEXT 6 MONTHS	5-YEAR AVERAGE	FORECAST OF THE NEXT 6 MONTHS RELATIVE TO 5-YEAR AVERAGE
Alberta fed steer	\$155	\$141	\$147	\$161	0
Alberta 550 lb steer	\$228	\$223	\$227	\$242	0
Alberta 850 lb steer	\$193	\$179	\$187	\$199	O
Ontario fed steer	\$148	\$143	\$145	\$155	O
Ontario 550 lb steer	\$218	\$222	\$224	\$234	0
Ontario 850 lb steer	\$190	\$182	\$188	\$172	0
Ontario market hog	\$81	\$76	\$73	\$80	O
Ontario feeder hog	\$141	\$111	\$114	\$114	0
Manitoba market hog	\$78	\$73	\$72	\$77	0
Manitoba feeder hog	\$134	\$100	\$117	\$137	O
lsowean \$/head	\$53	\$37	\$38	\$51	O

Table 1: Improved livestock prices expected in the next six months.

2020 red meat outlook update: Expect livestock prices to improve

ву Leigh Anderson, FCC AG Economics In our February 2020 Red Meat Outlook, we identified five factors likely to impact profitability: 1. African Swine Fever's (ASF) disruption of livestock

and meat markets

- Trade tensions' influence on agri-food markets
- 3. Robust global and domestic red meat demand 4. Growth in U.S. beef and pork production
- 5. The global economic impact of coronavirus

Recap of the first nine months

The first nine months of 2020 have been a rollercoaster ride for both the pork and beef sectors. The year started with great optimism due to reduced red meat supplies stem-ming from ASF. Optimism was cut short by the COVID-19 ming from ASF. Optimism was cut short by the COVID-19 pandemic. Outbreaks at processing plants significantly re-duced capacity, resulting in a large backlog of animals, ap-proximately 130,000 head of cattle and 150,000 hogs by May 2020. The disruption led declining farm-gate prices through the first half of 2020 and higher prices at grocery stores. Significant reductions in the backlog of animals and strong demand for proteins have driven the rebound in farm-gate prices through the

farm-gate prices. Yet, average livestock prices through the first nine months remain below our January forecast (Table

1). Chart showing livestock prices expected in the next 6 months. Sources: Statistics Canada, AAFC, USDA, CanFax,

(\$16/L)

CME Futures, and FCC calculatio

Trends to monitor in the next six months Our revised price forecasts for Q4 of 2020 and Q1 of 2021 indicate prices will improve for most livestock categories Prices are projected to be within 10% of their 5-year average price, except for Manitoba isowean and feeder hogs. This would be a large improvement from our July 2020 update. There are several reasons why prices are likely to improve over the next 6 months

1. U.S. production The pandemic led to reductions in overall U.S. produc-tion estimates. The latest USDA numbers indicate that U.S. beef production could decline -0.4% in 2020, compared to a 1.2% growth projection in January. U.S. pork production is projected to increase 2.2% in 2020, down from the 4.5% growth estimate at the beginning of the year.

2. ASF and global pork supplies Our January 2020 prediction that ASF would be the story to watch in 2020 is playing out. While China has begun to rebuild its hog herd, reports suggest China has now culled 100 million hogs and essentially depleted its pork storage stocks. Furthermore, strong export demand to China has also reduced U.S. cold storage stocks of pork, which will support North American hog and cattle prices.

The presence of ASF was also recently reported in Ger-many. Several Asian countries, including China, South Korea and Japan, have placed a ban on German pork imports. While the ban is temporary, expect increased North Ameri-can pork exports to China as Germany has been the thirdlargest supplier of pork to China. Lean hog futures have risen between 5%-13% following its discovery.

3. Re-opening of economies

While we are projecting prices to improve over the next six months, a second wave of COVID-19 is emerging. CO-VID-19 cases can slow the re-opening of the Canadian economy, limit foodservice sales disrupting agri-food supply chains

The September OECD economic projections indicate a swift recovery after the pandemic's initial shock, which has lost momentum since then. World GDP is expected to contract by 4.5% in 2020 and rebound 5.0% in 2021. The contract by 4.5% in 2020 and rebound 5.0% in 2021. The economic recovery for top destinations of Canadian red meat follows a different pattern. OECD forecasts suggest a slower recovery in the U.S., Japan, Mexico and South Ko-rea. China is a notable exception: growth is expected to dip to 1.8% in 2020 from the 6.5% annual growth observed in recent years. But it could rebound by 8.0% in 2021. China (excent) interact on clobal corrigulation and for the second

China's overall impact on global agricultural markets cannot be understated—a faster economic recovery should benefit the Canadian red meat sector.





tions about profitability across three Canadian agriculture sectors (red meat, dairy and grains, oilseeds and pulses) throughout October. We'll describe what has happened in 2020 to-date

and what to monitor over the next six months.

Plain and Valley



Rider Nation and SaskTel shine light on two local 'Everyday Heroes'

BY VICTOR VAN DER MERWE LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER

The pandemic may have meant the cancellation of the 2020 CFL season, but it did not mean the end of Rider Nation.

In partnership with SaskTel, the Saskatchewan Roughriders took this time to spotlight who they call "Everyday Heroes.

"2020 has been an interesting year for everyone and the Riders in particular," said Miriam Johnson Director of Marketing with the Saskatchewan Roughriders.

Marketing with the Saskatchewan Roughriders. "Normally we are talking a lot about our team and we didn't have that opportunity anymore. So, we took a step back and thought about what are the Roughriders to this province? Yes, we are a football team but we are more than football in Saskatchewan. The one thing the Riders do is, they bring people together. We as brand said, how do we use this time, the strength of our brand and our partners to still bring people together and showcase some of the greatness that is still happening in this province re-gardless of whether we are playing or not. So, when we were in that mindset, the concept of showcasing fans of ours that are going above and beyond making their com-munities better, and not just in Regina and not just in Sas-katoon, all around Saskatchewan. How do we use Rider Nation to tell stories of the goodness that is still happen-Nation to tell stories of the goodness that is still happen-ing in a really tough time. SaskTel came on board and we

went out and asked people to nominate people from their communities and let them tell the stories of the good that is around Saskatchewan. We got to tell stories from all across the province," said Johnson. Two of these "Everyday Heroes" came from Southeast Scale the wave a recert the stores of the same term.

Saskatchewan recently. Nancy Apshkrum from Moosomin, has raised over \$10,000 this year for the Crohns and Colitis Gutsy Walk. "It is a real pleasure to work with Nancy as she fundraises in the community of Moosomin.

"She is so well organized and consistent in her requests "She is so well organized and consistent in her requests for support year after year, that she has created great re-lationships with individual donors and business support-ers, and we know these donors continue to generously support her efforts year after year. "Not only does Nancy fundraise for Gutsy Walk, but she has also been the driving force behind registering dozens of businesses with our GoHere washroom access records in Moncombine and supporting computing and

program in Moosomin and supporting communities, and she even volunteers to help out at events when she can.

'She's also raised awareness about Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis across Saskatchewan with her fundrais-ing efforts, and that helps other Gutsy Walk participants,

'All of this helps drive our mission to fund world-class research into the causes and treatments for inflammatory bowel disease.

"It's a cause that Nancy believes in wholeheartedly, and for many years she has rallied Moosomin to join her in helping us with our mission.

"She's a wonderful and passionate example for other Gutsy Walk participants, for patients, and for caregivers of patients." said Carol-Lynne Quintin Crohns and Colitis Development Co-ordinator, Saskatchewan

Tyler Metz from Esterhazy also received the title of Everyday Hero.

"He actually got a group together and restored the football field out in Esterhazy. While everyone was waiting around to see what was going to happen, he lead the charge and put the time into that project for the community," said Johnson. "These types of things are not why I do this. The re-

sponse from it has been phenomenal, so many well wish-es, I just feel it is a very positive thing," said Metz. Although this program was started because of no foot-ball season, Johnson thinks it could become a mainstay with Rider Nation.

"This is a brand new program. We feel as a brand that we still have a responsibility to bring people together and use our brand's strength to shine a light on the goodness. I think there is definitely life for this program moving for-ward. Being able to show our everyday heroes is certainly something we want to make sure is continuing in 2021," orid Labore said Johnson.





Canadian Foodgrains Bank trying to be good stewards

¹⁵⁷ Continued from page 14 The Canadian Foodgrains Bank is com-mitted to ending global hunger, and part of that commitment is nutrition education.

Sometimes the talk of helping to end hunger boils down to just growing more food. We sometimes say in many parts of the world the answer is not just eating more corn. In some ways it is energy but it doesn't have the nutritive value that healthy bodies require. We (Canadians) are privi-leged to have a plethora of food. So the emphasis is on not just more food, but also better food, more nutrient dense food and crop rota-tion is really kind of helped offer that kind of opportu-pity" eaid Block nity" said Block.

How it works

Rick Block, Regional Representative for the Canadian Foodgrains Bank explained a bit about how the money raised by grow-ing projects like the Har-vest of Hope is put to use in places that have food insecurity.

"Two-thirds (of our budget) is really geared towards alleviating hun-ger in the immediate sense through emergency food distribution or food assis-tance hur the ather third tance, but the other third. is used for upstream work The Foodgrains Bank work within communities and in areas where there still is a very significant food insecurity. We do work in communities where peo-ple haven't had to flee and there isn't an immediate disaster, but hunger exists. It is really important to work with those families and within those communities to help build more resilience to fight against

resulence to hight against hunger," said Block. Once the grain from the Harvest of Hope is sold, it goes into one of the Foodgrains Bank's ac-counts counts.

"The Foodgrains Bank really is an association of 15 agencies, kind a of co-Is agencies, kind a of co-operative structure, and whether you are an indi-vidual donor or a grow-ing project group, donors have the freedom and right to designate to whichever agency they would like it to go. There is a 16th ac-count and that is a gen-eral account because there are times where people (who donate) like to say, I just want it to go gener-ally. Within the Foodgrains Bank we have a very rigorous framework to help decide how agencies share resources that go to the general account. Now in the instance of the Harvest of Hope, the group decid-ed they want to support the Canadian Baptist Min-istries (CBM), who have worked in numerous parts of the world. One would be Lebanon, one is in Rwanda and I believe in Kenya. The and I believe in Kenya. The resources that Moosomin Harvest of Hope gener-ated goes into the CBM's account. CBM has their projects that they deal with overseas," said Block. The CBM then decides where they fool the need

where they feel the need for the money is great-est and the government matches the money they send at a 4:1 rate. "There are people on the ground



Kyle Penner, project leader of the Moosomin Harvest of Hope, thanking volunteers before the harvest starts

that represent CBM and represent local partners. The Foodgrains Bank has a 96 per cent efficacy in

terms of the dollars going to the designated people in terms of what the original project plan was. That is

efficient. "We are this association of church-based agencies, each of whom has their own individual networks on the ground and what

really high. We have a re ally good track record in that regard," said Block. He feels it is the unique

structure of the Foodgrains Bank that makes them so

that means is that there are trusted relationships are trusted relationships there and that allows for accountability. That allows for the entire chain, each of the links is strong. It allows us to work in a very effec-tive way," said Block. He also says the success of the Foodgrains Bank has a let to do with low "Part

Grain trucks standing by to receive the 221 tonnes of canola that was

harvested off of 230 acres that breaks down to 41 bushels per acre.

a lot to do with love "Part of the idea of the Christian response to hunger is love. We are bound by virtues of friendship and ties that go deep to our member and partner organizations in the various countries and to smallholding farm-ers. We want to be diligent with resources we acquire and we want to be good stewards of that," said Block.



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Tax and regulatory regime for potash: Saskatchewan falling behind in competitiveness

Editor Kevin Weedmark recently spoke with Tyler Hopson, Public Affairs Manager with the Mosaic Com-pany, about the competitiveness of Saskatchewan's tax and regulatory regime for potash.

How important is the potash to Saskatchewan's and Canada's economy?

It is a big industry and it is very important to Saskatch-ewan's economy. Canada at the moment is still first in global potash pro-

duction but there are other countries that are catching up to us pretty quickly and have the potential to overtake our production numbers.

Potash contributes over \$5.5 billion to Canada's GDP every year. We know that for every direct job in the potash mining

industry there are at least two jobs in the supply and ser-vice sectors that support the industry. The potash indus-try pays approximately a billion dollars in wages every year, so they're some pretty big numbers.

When it comes to Mosaic doing a project like K3 for instance in Esterhazy, what sort of factors are weighed when you decide whether to do an investment of that

size? Well, I think you've got to look at it from a lot of different view points as broadly as you can—the ore body it-self, the geological aspects, are important—the particular grade of potash that you're dealing with and the amount of the resource—but you have to think about it from other

boom of view too as well. What does the transportation system and the logistics look like for getting products from the mine to where they

what is the labor pool and availability of people to come and work at a new mine?

Then costs overall for operating is another big factor. You need to know the tax structure that's in place and any pending or potential regulatory changes. The ease of getting project approvals done can be an-other factor that companies look at—whether is it going to take three, five, 10 years to get the project for all the approvals—those things all start to matter when you look at it as a total picture.

What are the advantages in Canada compared to other jurisdictions and what are the disadvantages right now? Canada has lots of advantages. One advantage is the ore body and the quality of our mineral reserves. In the case of potash and lots of different minerals, the quality of the ore and the amount of the reserves are very good. We

the ore and the amount of the reserves are very good. We have ample supplies. We have hundreds of millions of tonnes available to us, so that is a real advantage. We have overall a stable oper-ating environment, and as far as the people side we've got great schools, great training institutions, and so we know that we're getting talented people to work here. We've been doing some research over the last few years at Mosaic. As we've been talking about environmental is-used and turing the output three like avoiding around the stable output three the avoid output of the stable output of the stable output the stable output of the stab

at mosaic. As we ve been taking about environmental is sues and trying to evaluate things like reducing green-house gas emissions we know that Canada already has some of the lowest rates of greenhouse gas emissions, as far as potash production goes.

We have a green environment and we are working to make that even better as we navigate programs the fed-eral government has created to help us reduce emissions even further, and I think in Saskatchewan and probably most of the country there's more and more expectation that companies give back to communities. It's not really optional to do that sort of thing. You need to be invested in communities and contributing to the causes that com-munities care about, so I think we've always done a pretty good job of that at Mosaic and lots of other companies in the mining sector do too. So those are some of the advantage

What would be some of the disadvantages?

One would be transportation—getting our products from the mine to where they need to go. Saskatchewan is a land-locked province so we have long distances to travel from mines to ports.

That can add significant cost of production for com-panies. Mines in other parts of the world may be closer to some of the major markets that we export to, like In-dia, Brazil, China, and they may have cheaper options or more reliable options available to them. For the last few years we've seen fairly regular service

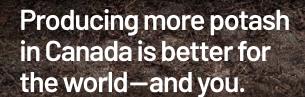


interruptions in railway service, whether it's poor winter weather or strikes or blockades.

There have been a number of factors that make it hard to predict and can add time and add cost to getting products where they need to be—so that's one disadvantage.

Continued on page 34 18

Left: The continuous pour on the south headframe at K3, part of the \$3 billion expansion of Mosaic Esterhazy's K3, was completed Friday, September 4—three days ahead of schedule. At 380 feet, the north headframe at right in the photo is the tallest structure in Saskatchewan.



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Fundraiser for former Rocanville resident Bob Wilkie

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER Bob Wilkie has been a mainstay in the Rocanville community for years. He was the town foreman for over a decade before retiring in early 2020.

After retiring, Wilkie and his wife Nor-ma decided to move to Teulon, Manitoba to be closer to their daughter this summer. Shortly after making the move, Wilkie

was diagnosed with pancreatic and liver cancer. He's currently receiving treatment as he

He's currently receiving treatment as he battles for his life. In Wilkie's time living in the Rocanville community he was known for his sincere kindness and big smile. Before moving, he and his wife had an impact on friend Kyla Fingas who has

Impact on mend Kyla Fingas who has known them for years. Upon finding out about Wilkie's diag-nosis, Fingas wanted to do something to lend a helping hand in a hard situation. She decided to set up a fundraiser to help Bob and Norma.

Donations can be made at any Conexus Credit Union branch or mail donations can be sent to Conexus Credit Union PO Box 519, Rocanville, SK, S0A 3L0.

Contactless donations can be made by e-transferring to bobnormadonations@ gmail.com.

For anybody wanting to send well wishes and words of comfort to Bob and



Bob Wilkie was recently diagnosed with cancer. Donations can be made to support Bob and wife Norma.

Norma, they can do so by emailing bobnormadonations@gmail.com. Fingas says it was a no-brainer to do

this for the Wilkies because it's what they would do for others in the community

they've been a part of for over 30 years. "I've known Bob and Norma for years and wanted to do something to help them out," said Fingas. "I thought opening up an account for people to send donations

to at Conexus would be the best way to do it."

Wilkie is the type of person that makes people feel good when they're around him and Fingas says he deserves to feel the love and support of others during this battle "Bob's fantastic," she said.

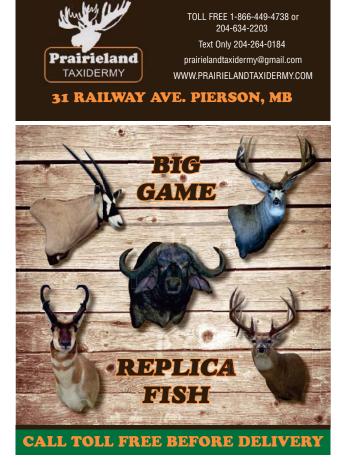
"He's very caring and my husband and I have known him for years and we want-

Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, Fingas says the best way to show support to the Wilkies during this time is a donation and a message to show how much people care about them.

about them. "After talking to a mutual friend we thought maybe this was a good way we could help out," she said. "Seeing as how we can't do meals for them or other things you might do for somebody go-ing through this because of Covid-19, we thought this would be a good option to chow sumort" show support." Rocanville is one of those small towns

where people rally together when oth-ers are in need and the fundraiser for the Wilkie's reflects that.

"I think this is pretty typical of a small town community wanting to help out somebody who's going through a tough time," she said. "This is just what came natural to us to help somebody who deserves it.



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Sask allows smaller oil and gas facilities to opt in to provincial climate change strategy, opt out of federal carbon tax

BY VICTOR VAN DER MERWE

BY VICTOR VAN DER MERWE Local JOURNALISM INTIATIVE REPORTER The Government of Saskatchewan's cli-mate change strategy, Prairie Resilience has reduced the threshold requirements of carbon dioxide equivalent from upstream oil and gas production facilities, to allow smaller facilities to opt in to the provincial plan and opt out of the federal carbon tax. The goal is to not just help reduce green-

house house gas (GHG) emissions but to also maintain a competitive economy in Saskatchewan

In 2019, through the Prairie Resilience strategy, the provincial government intro-duced performance standards that are re-quired for facilities that emit at least 25,000 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent in the province.

By signing on with the Prairie Resilience strategy, these facilities were exempt from federal carbon taxes.

However, owners of some facilities that did not meet the 25,000 tonnes of CO2e that wanted to opt into the strategy and facilities between 10,000 and 25,000 tonnes of emissions.

"Since the regulations and voluntary registration were introduced, 66 large registration were introduced, be large emitting facilities and 24 aggregates con-taining more than 10,000 individual fa-cilities are now registered in the program and must comply with provincial climate change legislation," Environment Minister Dustin Duncan said.

"These facilities generate 13 per cent, or approximately 10.3 million tonnes, of total provincial emissions and are expected to reduce that portion by a total of 10 per cent by 2030. We also expect many new com-panies to register aggregate upstream oil



Minister of Environment Dustin Duncan

and gas facilities as part of the most recent amendments

The new amendments allow small pro-

ducers to opt in to the system. "We allowed for companies that have facilities that produce between 10,000 and 25,000 tonnes to voluntarily opt in to our system if they wanted to, and then there was no coverage for facilities that emit zero to 10,000 tonnes," said Duncan.

Amendments were made to allow for voluntary registration for facilities in the

upstream oil and gas sector wishing to combine emissions into an aggregate facil-ity, for a combined 10,000 tonnes of CO2e.

ity, for a combined 10,000 tonnes of CO2e. In July 2020, government directed that the emissions threshold for voluntary reg-istration be lowered from 10,000 tonnes CO2e to zero tonnes CO2e for upstream oil and gas aggregate facilities. "Since the regulations and voluntary registration were introduced, 66 large miltime facilities and 24 accreates con-

registration were introduced, 66 large emitting facilities and 24 aggregates con-taining more than 10,000 individual fa-clities are now registered in the program and must comply with provincial climate change legislation," said Duncan. "These facilities generate 13 per cent, or approximately 10.3 million tonnes, of total provincial emissions and are expected to reduce that portion by a total of 10 per cent.

reduce that portion by a total of 10 per cent by 2030. We also expect many new companies to register aggregate upstream oil and gas facilities as part of the most recent amendments."

amendments." Registration in the program also pro-tects those facilities from the federal car-bon tax. Instead of paying the increasing federal price per tonne of GHGs, the com-panies must reduce the intensity of their emissions from 2019 onward, or comply thread base of the federal careful or comply through one of the three following provin-cial mechanisms:

Saskatchewan Technology Fund. Emitters may choose to pay into a new tech-nology fund should they not reduce their semissions intensity as per the legislated schedule. The fund will be administered by Innovation Saskatchewan. Money from the fund will then be allocated to suc-cessful projects that drive innovation and cessful projects that drive innovation and reduce GHG emissions at regulated facilities, through a competitive and criteria-

based application process. Best performance credits. Best per-formance credits will be generated by regulated facilities that reduce emissions beyond what is required in their perfor-mance standard. The design of the performance credit program will incentivize GHG emissions reductions for regulated emitters. The Ministry of Environment developed the necessary standards to implement a best performance credit system in fall 2020.

Carbon offset program. The Ministry of Environment held initial engagement on Saskatchewan's offset program in 2019, but postponed further engagement due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The ministry is currently re-evaluating the means through which meaningful engagement may take place while ensuring the health and safety of staff and participants. Further engage-ment on offsets will continue over the next year. In the meantime, the ministry will continue to develop proposed offset proto-col including agricultural soils sequestra-tion, enhanced oil recovery, composting, and/or national alignment. "The new threshold to the output-based

performance standards will enable many smaller oil and gas producers to be cov-ered by provincial regulation and protect them from the federal carbon tax, which will save them millions of dollars.

"Our provincial standards are designed to achieve real GHG emission reductions, to achieve real GFIG emission reductions, while at the same time protecting com-petitiveness and limiting carbon leakage and investment flight to jurisdictions with lower regulatory standards," said Energy and Resources Minister Bronwyn Eyre.



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Nutrien Rocanville mine marks half a century of production

September 25, 2020 marked 50 years from the day the first train car load of potash left the Rocanville potash mine. The Nutrien Rocanville mine is an important part of the economy of southeast Saskatchewan.

'We are feeding the world through potash and agriculture'

Plain and Valley editor Kevin Weed-mark spoke with Saskatchevan Chamber of Commerce CEO Steve McLellan about the 50th anniversary of the Nutrien Rocanville mine. Following is the full interview:

24

It was 50 years ago when the first rail car of potash left from the Rocanville mine. How important was that first mo-

mine. How important was that first mo-ment, the start of that mine? That is an interesting question. Obvi-ously a lot of work went into getting the mine built and getting to that point. But now we look at the legacy of that moment and all the good that 50-year-old mine has done. It's amazing. There are people whose livelihoods have been made by that mine, and we see second and third generations working there. We see the taxes that have been generated by the employees and the company itself, the the employees and the company itself, the people in different parts of the world who have eaten better because of the contents of those rail cars.

Everything about it is simply outstand-ing and we can sometimes be a bit coming and we can sometimes be a bit com-placent about potash as we can be around our ag sector—but we are feeding the world through potash and agriculture and we can't take that for granted nor should we. This is a good time to stop and reflect it and celebrate it a little bit because that was a big day 50 years ago. Without that first car of potash, nothing else would have come after have come after

How important is the potash industry

How important is the potash industry to Saskatchewan? I think it is absolutely fundamental. As a matter of fact there is an argument that we should be taking it more seriously. A couple years ago in the provincial budget there were some surprises for the sector without sufficient consultation in terms of their two end evolve teructives and I think their tax and royalty structure, and I think it was unfair.

I think we should be looking at that as an opportunity to build more jobs, to build more communities around those mines, and of course for every mine worker there is a contractor that is doing work on those places too—it's not just the direct



First potash produced at Rocanville

It was September 25, 1970 when the first railcar load of potash was produced at Rocanville.

mine jobs that are critical. We should be sitting down and saying 'listen what can we possibly do as the people in this prov-ince to help you ship more potash because we've got lots more than we will ever use. Decades, and hundreds of years of sup-plies—what could we possibly do to get more out there, to take advantage of the fact we have it?

How much of a contribution do you think the potash industry has made to Saskatchewan over the last half century? How different of a province would this be if we didn't have that entire industry?

That's interesting to think about. It's hard to imagine the scale of the contribution to this province. The full direct con-tribution to tax alone, the number of jobs, the number of high schools that have been built with those tax dollars, the number of college educations that have been paid for, the number of universities that have been paid for with the tax revenue that goes through the province to the universi-ties. We would be a whole different prov-ince without potash. We would not be as

strong. We would not be as well trained. The contributions of Nutrien to the communities that they're in and the province generally is amazing. We see their logo everywhere and it's because they're com-mitted to the province—and that is the visible dollars. The invisible dollars are the tax revenues that have paid for hospi-tal wings without putting a logo in front. We would be a whole different place without them.

What do you see as the future of the

I think it of user as the trained of the potash industry in Saskatchewan? I think it is very bright if we do it right. If we take it seriously. The companies are exceptional. The people that work in and run those companies are the best in the world and the product that we have is the world and the product that we have is the best in the world, and our capacity to get it to where it needs to go is the best in the world. The problem we have and the only stumbling block I would argue in keep-ing us from getting more volume out of the province is the fact that our regulatory environment—federal and provincial—is not working as hand-in-hand with the

We've added new environmental re-quirements that make no sense for the potash sector. We've charged royalty rates that may not make sense when we have an excess of supplies as we do underground. So we're taking the industry for granted and charging them things that make no sense when we could make more money as a province by simply saying 'hire more people, keep all the mines open' and those taxes will generate much more collective benefit. We've got the wrong attitude to-ward that sector. The federal and provincial governments We've added new environmental re-

The federal and provincial governments look at potash and say 'well they can't move because this is where the potash is,' whereas those companies indeed have reduced some of their investment because it is more expensive to do business here and there are more jurisdictions in the world starting to get their potash out of the ground without the environmental, labor, and human rights requirements that we have here. The potash companies in Saskatchewan perform at the highest level. We're taking them for granted and we shouldn't be.

What does the province need to do to ensure a strong future for the potash in-dustry?

They need to go to the table with the companies with a blank sheet and say what can we do to get you twice as busy as you are now? That means more people working in the mines. It means more products being

shipped and more people in the world eating better because of it.

eating better because of it. With that sort of a clean slate attitude they can start to invest in the future of this province. It's one like the companies don't want to pay any taxes or don't want to play by any environmental or human rights rules—that's not the case, but they need an open book and that's the opportu-nity we haven't taken, haven't give them. Instead of that, what do we do? We sur-

prise them the day before the provincial budget with some new costs, which is again taking them for granted.



We'd like to congratulate Nutrien Rocanville on 50 years of potash industry success!

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Resource Minister says Rocanville mine important to Sask

Plain and Valley editor Kevin Weed-mark spoke with Saskatchewan Energy and Resource Minister Bronwyn Eyre about the 50th anniversary of Nutrien Rocanville. Following is the interview.

It was September 25, 1970 that the first potash was produced at the Rocanville mine. From your perspective how impor-

mine. From your perspective how impor-tant was that moment for the potash in-dustry and for Saskatchewan? It was very important and happy birth-day Rocanville! What a facility! It was the beginning of production at what would become one of our premier potash mines. Nutrien has said that the expanded mine is the comenus's largest lowget cost potash the company's largest, lowest cost potash facility, it was the last new potash mine for almost five decades until of course K+S came to town, so it's really quite sig-nificant. Roughly 10 per cent of the global potash market originates from Rocanville. That's pretty amazing.

Overall how important do you think

the potash industry is to Saskatchewan? Well of course it's pivotal and it is part of mining of course which is so important, such a major economic driver. Exploration spending last year in the province was over \$200 million.

The mining sector generated \$7.4 billion in sales. So very, very important as a sector

in sales. So very, very important as a sector in the province and an essential driver. The safety response, the operational re-sponse through Covid-19 most recently allowed the sector and the potash mines certainly to operate through the pandem-ic. Potash kept going as you know pretty seamlessly—northern mines not so much, although they've come back online in the uranium and gold. But because the potash mines could keep on going through the pandemic it really helped stabilize things and certainly helped to buffer some of the and certainly helped to buffer some of the economic impact on the province.

Just in terms of potash generally, we have the largest industry in the world. It accounts for roughly one-third of global production, so it is very, very important to the province.



Saskatchewan Energy and Resource Minister Bronwyn Eyre

Overall how would you quantify how the potash has contributed overall to the province of Saskatchewan in the last 50

It really started what one could call the It really started what one could call the green revolution when science and tech-nology began to realize some of the poten-tial benefits of commercial fertilizers on crop yields and on crop quality. The Sas-katchewan potash sector has helped farm-ers all over the world improve their crops.

We're feeding the world's growing pop-ulation and so it has become a vital part of the world's food security and obviously a very essential sector in the province. There has been more than \$20 billion invested in new potash mines since 2005, also in mine expansions in the province, and that re-ally has propelled the economy forward and it is one of the reasons that we here in Saskatchewan weren't as impacted by the 2008 recession as other jurisdictions. The industry has also stayed relatively stable and resilient through the recent pandemic.

What do you see as the future in the potash industry in Saskatchewan? As demand for food continues to in-crease with world population growth and diets shift toward better quality foods in developing economies, potash is pivotal to serve that growing demand for what is a vital crop invest.

growing demand for what is a vital crop input. Saskatchewan will certainly be pioneer-ing new methods of production that can lead to better production efficiencies and better competitiveness certainly in ad-dition to the mine expansions over the last decade and the development of our first new mine with K+S in over 45 years. There is interest in the development of new mines from other companies, includnew mines from other companies, includ-ing international mining giants—BHP and Rio Tinto—so lots of promise, lots of room for growth and a really important arm of economic stability in the province and our growth.

Do you think there is anything the provincial government needs to do to ensure a strong future for potash in the province?

Certainly we recognize that the mining companies that are operating in the prov-ince are global leaders in innovation, also in social and environmental responsibility.

We have to be sure that regulation and policy are always well tailored to the sector so it can be as competitive in global markets as it can be and allow us all as people in Saskatchewan and as Canadians to benefit from what they do best.

I think we have to make sure that we con-tinue to advocate for our strong sectors in energy and resources. We've been dealing a lot lately with raising awareness around the clean fuel standard for example, which has an impact on mining—a very clear im-pact on mining. Some of these micro issues

that we can address really impact when we're talking about competitiveness. The clean fuel standard for example focuses hard on switching to electricity for trans-portation and heating. That doesn't take into account the more carbon intensive nature of power generation in this province when you compare it to hydro and nuclear powered grids in other provinces, and our mining companies of course have to trans port over much greater distances which already adds to cost.

Some in the potash industry are saying they think this is an inappropriate time for the government to review the entire regulatory and tax regime that they oper-ate under because they are seeing more of the competitors come to the field from places like Russia and Belarus which don't have the same costs as Canada. Do you believe this is the time for that kind of review?

Well the review in 2015 was paused. It was put on hold because there were weak-nesses in the commodity and it wasn't the right time to go forward, and right now the review of potash royalties remains on hold. was put on hold because there were weak

We in Saskatchewan have introduced significant investment incentives which

significant investment intentives which potash producers certainly benefit from. We're always looking at regulatory re-gimes, tax regimes for the minerals pro-duced in the province, just to make sure that it does remain as competitive as it can be with other producers' jurisdictions.

Periodically we make adjustments when they're appropriate, but let's not forget that the potash royalty and production tax system in the province has attracted over \$20 billion in expansions and new mine construction in the last 12 years. We have the highest royalty and potash

profit tax structure. We collect the most revenue in the world-higher than jurisdictions such as Israel, Belarus and Russia, so it is always a balance in terms of making sure that the people of Saskatchewan of course benefit from what is produced, and it is a fine balance always, but we be-lieve it is a stable, strong one at the moment.

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Ten first-year medical students participate in Rural Week

Despite the many challenges Covid-19 has presented this year, Prairie Mountain Health (PMH) was able to host a scaled down version of 'Rural Week' in late sum-

mer. Normally, Rural Week—held in part-nership with the Manitoba Health Care Providers Network—occurs in late May. However, with provincial public health orders in place, as well as challenges from a logistical and organizational perspec-tive, the educational initiative for first-year medical students from the University ear medical students from the University of Manitoba's Max Rady College of Medi-cine was pushed back.

Gradually, as health orders changed, sufficient coordination allowed for an sufficient coordination allowed for an abbreviated version to take place within PMH region from August 18-20. There were two first-year medical students in each of the communities of Dauphin, Ha-miota, Neepawa, Ste. Rose and Russell. Rural Week provides an opportunity for students to get first-hand experience and exposure to not just rural and northern medicine, but rural and northern life. It is an opportunity for narticinating commune

an opportunity for participating communities to show-case themselves and promote the opportunities and ben-

case themselves and promote the opportunities and ben-efits of rural and northern medicine. In Neepawa, the recruitment committee met with students when they arrived, showed them an available apartment (located at Neepawa Medical Clinic) and toured them around the community. The students also got a chance to go on a hike at one of the area's hiking trails followed by a barbecue generously hosted by Dr. Poettcker and attended by most of Neepawa's physicians. Besides the community tours, students had a chance

to participate in clinical education stations, spend some time within hospitals and shadow physicians at medical clinics

clinics. Participating in Russell, Alyssa Kidd who hails from Winnipeg, indicated Rural Week was the highlight of her first-year of medical school. "We had the pleasure of shadowing some fantastic clin-ical teachers, Dr. Rola and Dr. Honiball. They were incred-ibly engaging in all the clinical cases in which we were involved," she said. "They answered all questions and gave us the opportunity to speak to—and examine—pa-tients, which allowed my confidence to grow. I even got to trim my first suture tails; my hands were shaking so bad I thought I would end up nicking the patient!"

thought I would end up nicking the patient!" In Dauphin, Jake Yuriy relished the opportunity to take part in many domains of rural practice within his home-

"I was able to work in Dauphin's beautiful new Emergency Room, attend clinic, rounds at the local care homes, covered obstetrical call, and spent some time in the Oper-ating Room (OR)," he said. "I think the absolute highlight of rural week was assisting during a surgical procedure.



Alyssa Kidd

Jake Yuriy

Scrubbing in and 'participating' in my first procedure as a member of an OR team was an incredible experience that

I won't forget! Prairie Mountain Health sincerely thanks all of the Prairie Mountain Health sincerely thanks all of the preceptors in participating sites for sharing their time, knowledge and expertise. PMH also thanks community members and leaders for assisting with tours and special interest events which took part in various communities. Both Alyssa and Jake say they were grateful to partici-pate in the initiative and plan to continue considering the many possibilities associated with rural medicine. See below for a more detailed list of questions and an-euron excided but the two medical ext durations.

swers provided by the two medical students.

QUESTION AND ANSWER SESSION WITH ALYSSA KIDD AND JAKE YURIY

1) How did you find the experience/initiative in general?

Alyssa Kidd: Rural Week was the highlight of my first ear of medical school!

year of medical school: Jake Yuriy: I was grateful to even have a Rural Week in light of Covid. I appreciate that Prairie Mountain Health (PMH) both had limited time to accommodate a new Ru-ral Week while also respecting public health directives. Despite that, I had a whirlwind of valuable experiences across many domains of rural practice. Rural Week 2020 helped colific the precibilities of rural medicine. helped solidify the possibilities of rural medicine.

2) What are some of the things you ended up doing during your time in the community and within clinical settings

AK: During our time in Russell, we were treated to an endearing tour of the town (from Brent the local pharma-



cist), a beautiful boat ride on Lake of the Prairies (by David, the funeral home director and Bonnie a retired nurse). We had an tor and Bonnie a retired nurse). We had an exciting night around the back areas with Terry Jackson and her daughter Shannon, which included learning about the agri-cultural industry, a cone from Connie's and seeking shelter in some very kind lo-cals' house during a tornado warning. We had the privilege of being involved in the care of natients ranging from those havcare of patients ranging from those hav-ing their first well-child check-up to those receiving compassionate palliative care, those receiving their weekly outpatient dialysis to those having their first chemo treatments, motor vehicle accidents to combine lacerations, and everything in between.

JY: I was able to work in Dauphin's beautiful new ER, attend clinic, round at the local care homes, covered obstetrical call, and spent some time in the OR.

3) Were there some things you ended up doing as part of Rural Week that you

didn't expect or anticipate? AK: We had the pleasure of shadowing some fantas-tic clinical teachers, Dr. Rola and Dr. Honiball. They were incredibly engaging in all the clinical cases we go to be involved with. They were so willing to answer all the questions we had and had a lot of trust in us allowing us the opportunity to speak to and examine patients, which allowed my confidence with my skills to grow. I even got to trim my first suture tails; my hands were shaking so bad I thought I would end up nicking the patient! JY: I think the absolute highlight of rural week was assisting during a surgical procedure. Scrubbing in and (continional procedure as a morphica of an

'participating' in my first procedure as a member of an OR team was an incredible experience that I won't forget!

4) Did your experiences coincide with what you thought working in rural medicine/rural settings might look like?

AK: Having grown up in the city, I'd always idealized small towns for the close-knit communities they harbour; Russell was affirmative to this thinking. Everyone, from the nurses, physicians, aids, admin, and all other clini-cal staff were so accommodating and dedicated to their work, it was apparent they truly cared about the wellbe-ing of their community.

JY: I went in expecting to see a lot of variety in patients, cases, and acuity. I was not disappointed!

5) What might be some of the key takeaways from the experience

AK: I had always thought rural practice was something I was interested in. With this experience, seeing the diver-sity of practice, and the kindness of those in the commu-nity, it moved to the top of my list by a long shot!

ntty, it moved to the top of my list by a long shot! JY: Practicing rural medicine as a family physician can be almost anything you want to make it. I got to see fam-ily physicians practicing long-term care, acute care, fam-ily clinic, obstetrics, and assisting in surgeries. Practicing rurally does not mean practicing alone, ei-ther. My preceptors were always with residents or other colleagues, and knew how to find help if they needed it.

b) I take it you had great preceptors and community hosts... anything to pass along in that regard? AK: Thank you so much to everyone mentioned above for being so welcoming; to Marg Fraser, Abbey Vorlicek, and Leanne Cheyne for planning these incredible few days for us; and to those who put the effort in to making rural week happen this year in such uncertain times. This was an experience I'll always remember and I'm just so grateful! IY: I'm actually fear Dealth.

JY: I'm actually from Dauphin, so I got to be my own community host and show my classmate around my

7) Anything else you might want to add about your

7) Anything else you might want to add about your future goals, education, aspirations...? JY: Sure, I guess I will share a little bit of history on my-self: Although I was born and raised in Dauphin, I actu-ally went to University of Saskatchewan for my first de-gree. While living and studying in Saskatoon, I learned how important my rural roots were to me and decided early on that I wanted to return to a rural area to practice medicine. At University of Saskatchewan I researched the offects of hearsible document on a rural area to practice effects of hospital closures on rural communities, and this shaped my desire to be an advocate for rural residents' health needs.

Obviously, I'm back in Manitoba now for medical school and am currently one of the co-presidents of the Rural Interest Group. I hope to someday return to Dau-phin and establish a family practice.

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Virden Theatre Productions heads outside

In past years, Virden Theatre Productions has certain-ly built a presence in the Westman area with elaborately polished productions such as an innovative version of The Sound of Music in 2015, Gershwin's fresh and daz-zling Crazy for You in 2016, the unforgettable Mamma Mia in 2018 and last year's hilarious hit, Elf the Musi-cal. Over the years their audiences have really grown, spanning large distances across Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

This spring, the theatre company had to audition re-motely for the new musical Matilda and the talented motely for the new musical Matilda and the talented cast began the relatively new adventure of Zoom re-hearsals to make a start at learning the songs and cre-ating characters. This fall brought more uncertainty, so the company felt the most promising possibility to enable performers to showcase their work would be to host an outdoor event next summer. And so, the concept becan began.

In the second week of June 2021, the company is plan-ning to do their production outside at Brandon's Festi-A standard s point, we couldn't be more excited. Who knows, there is definitely the possibility that this venture could become an annual project covering two weekends each summer in Westman.

The company is prepared to roll with any restric-tions that will be in place next summer, as things are quite hard to predict. They have a team already dream-ing elaborate sets and all the extra technical needs this huge project will entail. Production team member Laura Wright had this to say: "Michelle is always coming up with new and innovative ideas, and this Rainbow Stage-like experience will be an exciting experience for Westman audiences next summer."

The committee wants to be sure to let Westman know that they haven't abandoned their beautiful Aud Theatte, just giving her a rest in the interest of safety. They want to assure their followers that the Aud will be alive again with the magic of local musical theatre and they certainly look forward to that day and the unique camaraderie always formed in the nooks and crannies of this historic building, both on stage and off.

The cast is centred by the extraordinary Nyah Perkin of Souris in the title role of Matilda. Nyah was cast in Rainbow's Stage's Wizard of Oz this summer, a production that of course was cancelled. She also recently filmed in Winnipeg for an upcoming Hallmark movie. Producer/Director Michelle Chyzyk said, "Nyah is ex-traordinary. She could definitely garner consideration for this role in a professional production. She inspires all of us



Matilda" Producer-Director Michelle Chyzyk and Co-Director Dean Munchinsky discussing Festival Park.

Homegrown talent Todd Plaisier promises to be ultra-memorable as the nasty Agatha Trunchbull, and he is looking forward to sharing the stage with his talented son, Tristan. The roles of Matilda's miserable parents will be played by local businessman and co-director Dean Munchinsky and Brandon rock goddess Mari-ah Phillips. Susan Martens teaches private piano and voice in Virden and she is excited to take on the role of Matilda's lovely teacher, Miss Honey. This truly extraor-dinary cast also includes well-known Westman talents dinary cast also includes well-known Westman talents such as Karen Chrest, Rob Lovatt, Marla Fontaine, Emiie Blaikie, Greg Kirk, and Darrell Corbel. Of course, we can't wait to see Joey Simms (last year's Buddy the Elf) appear as Rudolpho, Mrs. Wormwood's passionate ball-room dance teacher. The teames and om dance teacher. The teenage performers range from

ages twelve through nineteen and hail from six differ-ent Westman communities. Seven of them were slated to tour with what would have been the 2020 Westman Youth Choir. These fine young people will play such a very large part in this imaginative show. So, in these challenging times, Virden Theatre Pro-ductions gives you something to look forward to. Mark your 2021 calendars for June 9-13. In the words of Matilda, *lust because you find that life's not fair*

It the words of warded, Just because you find that iffe's not fair It doesn't mean that you just have to grin and bear it. If you always take it on the chin and wear it, You might as well be saying you think that it's okay. And that's not right.

You have to put it right

Theo Fleury Mental Health Gala pushed to May 15, 2021

BY VICTOR VAN DER MERWE

Local JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER PJ Gillen School in Esterhazy was plan-ning to host a gala fundraiser for their new Outdoor Wellness Classroom on May 23 of this year. Due to the pandemic, they have moved it to next year, May 15.

"We are raising money to build an out-door wellness classroom. Mental health awareness is huge in our society nowa-days among adults and children. It gives them a place to go to during school where they can start learning outside the class-room walls. They can start learning with their hands. We are going to have little garden plots and a greenhouse and we are oing to have fruit trees in a little orchard. We will also have a covered outdoor We will also have a covered outdoor learning area with picnic tables where they can sit under. We are also going to have writing easels and sidewalk chalk so they can play hopscotch. We also brought in reading cubbies," said Traci Denbrok, a board member on the PJ Gillen SCC. There will be seven of these reading butches and arch area will feave on area

hutches and each one will focus on one of the seven sacred teachings of the First Nations

"The kids can sit in these cubbies and

they can read books or just relax. We all need vitamin D from sunshine. We find that a lot of kids don't get what they need from sports and playing outdoors on the playground and sometimes you just need a place to go and relax. We are also going to have a sandbox where the kids can play

in, because you learn with your hands the best," said Denbrok. The reading hutches have already been built, but due to COVID-19 restrictions and other obstacles, the construction of "It was supposed to take place this past

summer, but with everything going on, it was pushed back, but our whole school believes it is really needed to help kids deal with mental health in a different way," said Denbrok.

When it came to choosing a speaker for the gala, former professional hockey play-er and advocate for mental health, Theo

Fluery, seemed a perfect choice. "Theo Fluery seemed a perfect choice. "Theo Fleury feels very strongly about mental health, and he grew up around here and with this being such a hockey community, we thought that it would be an awesome way to raise funds for it," said Denbrok

The idea for the outdoor classroom was

"It was brought up in 2019. "It was brought up last year at an SCC meeting and our Principal (Kelsey Shields) said that this fits in perfect," said Denbrok

It was also Principal Shields that sug-

gested Fleury as a possible speaker. "She said, what if we can bring Theo Fleury in and do a Gala to raise funds for it and then we ran with the idea," said Denbrok.

Although a loan was secured to start construction on the space, the PJ Gillen SCC hopes that the \$120,000 needed to complete the project can be raised at the

We are hoping to raise the majority of the funds through our gala and the spon-sorship from companies in our area. We don't want to do 20 little raffles and draws. We figured we can get one big event that everybody looks forward to and try and raise the majority of the funds there," said Denbrok.

The pre-COVID-19 idea was to have the space ready for when kids came back to school this fall. "We were hoping to have it already built

so that when the kids came back this fall, they had something very exciting to come to, and we took out a loan, but the builders got pushed behind, so everything got put on hold when COVID-19 happened, but it (construction) will begin next spring if not this fall," said Denbrok. Sponsorship packages are available for

the project. "We have different sponsorship packages. We don't just want your money, we

want you to come and enjoy the evening with us. So, if you wanted to be a \$1,500 sponsors, which is a gold sponsor, you actually get four tickets to the event and you get your tax receipt. We want people to come to the event, we want people come listen to Theo Fleury and see h to to important mental health is," said Den-brok.

For Denbrok and the organizers of the event, this gala is about raising money and awareness.

"There are so many people out there who don't even realize that they have a bit of a mental health problem, until they actually hear somebody talk about it. We want to recognize it in our community,' said Denbrok.



For more information e-mail HEO@southeastcollege.org



For more information or to register, visit www.southeastcollege.org or call 1-866-999-7372

New Stockholm Lutheran Church gets exterior renovations

By VICTOR VAN DER MERWE

LOCAL JOURNALISM INITIATIVE REPORTER The small Gothic church stands proud, just east of Highway 9, and just south of the village of Stock-holm, Saskatchewan. People have been gathering at this church to worship for over 100 years and although this church is more than a century old, it is actually the "more" dhurch on that eito. "new" church on that site. "The first Swedish settlers arrived in this area in

1886," said George Ohnander a councillor on the church board.

He explains how the church came to be the structure it is today.

"The first Swedish Lutheran congregation was es-tablished in the New Stockholm colony at the home of Eric Hammerstrom on October 3, 1889. The charter roll shows the names of 98 men, women and children who declared their intention to become members of a Lu-theran congregation," said Ohnander. A site for the New Stockholm graveyard and church

was to be selected two years later. "The land was owned by Canadian Pacific Railroad. It

was decided to ask the government for 40 acres of land to exchange with the CPR for the chosen site. The new building was completed in 1896 and was dedicated on July 26, 1896," said Ohnander. The original church would service the congregation

for 25 years

"It was at the annual meeting of the congregation in 1913 that a committee was appointed to raise funds for a new church building. In 1916, blueprints were obtained for a Gothic style building, the new (stone) building was built and dedicated on May 21, 1921. This is the build-ing which is still in use today with services held every cored Sunday." acid Obravador

second Sunday," said Ohnander. A building that has been standing for a century will need special care, and this year that came in the form of exterior renovations.

"We started this year in late summer," said Lyle Tran-berg who chairs the church board. "The bricks were getting a little broke up and needed some work. The longer you leave it, the worse it gets. If you don't fix it you will have windows falling out," said Tranberg Tranberg.

These exterior renovations are the latest renovations

with roof being repaired a few years ago. "We got the roof repaired about eight years ago, all new shingles. The inside of the church, the main sanctu-ary was totally renovated over the last four years," said Tranberg.

The beautiful stained glass windows were removed in and completely redone back in 1987. "Back in 1987 they were taken to Regina and re-lead-

ed. They were starting to cave in a bit and in danger of falling" said Ohnander. To make sure that the job is done right, the council

will take their time in finishing the last of the exterior work.

"I don't think we will get it all done this year. There should be a little to finish on the real high spots, and even the painter, we need to get a special net to get them up really high to do some of the finishing painting,"

The idea is to restore it to the same esthetic as it has

The idea is to restore it to the same esthetic as it has enjoyed for over 100 years. "It looked very similar to this. I think the paint work is a touch lighter," said Tranberg. Even the basement got some work done this year. "This year we also replaced all the basement windows with new windows. They were getting old and fall-ing apart," said Tranberg. Once the outside bricks and painting is done, it may be a while before major up keep is needed on the building. "50 years. The brick being done outside, he (Jerry Kemp)said you won't have to worry about it for 50 years," said Tranberg.

Top photo at right: The old and new church standing side by side 1919

Lower photo at right: Jerry Kemp and crew doing the brick work renovations on the exterior of the church





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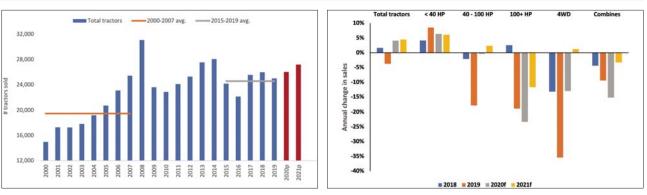
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Plain and Valley



Farm income key driver of equipment sales

Investments in farm equipment, buildings and land are essential to sustain an operation's productivity.

And new farm equipment sales provide a strong indi-cator of the health of Canadian agriculture. Over the past few years, market uncertainty and rev-enue pressures have reduced profitability in the agriculture sector, resulting in lower agricultural equipment purchases.

Future sales rest on the ability for the ag sector to rebound

Trends in

Canadian farm equipment Through the first six months of 2020, COVID-19 has created significant headwinds for the Canadian economy

and agri-food supply chain. Despite these challenges, year-to-date (as of July 31) total farm equipment sales have increased 4.8% in 2020 compared to 2019, according to the Association of Equip-ment Manufacturers (graph above on right). Breaking down the equipment type provides a different

picture.

Tractors sales less than 40 HP or utility tractors have increased, while equipment primarily used on agriculture operations have declined or remained flat.

Utility tractor sales, representing nearly 70% of total tractor sales have increased by 12.3% year-to-date in 2020. The health of the Canadian economy generally drives

this market segment. Tractors 40 to 100 HP sales have remained unchanged, and 100+ HP has declined 21.1%. Large four-wheel-drive tractors and combine sales

have declined 12.4% and 16.8% respectively year-to-date. Farm equipment sales surged in July 2020 relative to

2019, as the economy continues to re-open after the CO-VID-19 lockdown, and farmers took delivery of their new equipment.

With farm revenues expected to tighten, producers should change their buying behaviour, either keeping equipment longer or exploring the used equipment mar-

Farm revenues

expected to soften in 2020

Our 2020 forecast of farm cash receipts suggests a 3.4% decline, the largest year-over-year decline since 2003. However, the impact across sectors varies with livestock sectors hit the hardest from disruptions to processing fa-

cilities and lower prices. Grain and oilseed revenues are expected to improve with higher producer deliveries and record grain movement.

According to Statistics Canada, current crop conditions are also supportive of farm revenue with an expected pro-duction of 96.8 million tonnes.

Trends to watch for in 2020 and into 2021

Canadian dollar

The Canadian dollar has gained value against the USD since it reached a low of US\$0.69 in March 2020. We believe the loonie has limited upside at the current levels, yet it's possible it could trend sideways in the CAD\$0.75-\$0.76 range for the remainder of 2020. The higher loonie softens inflationary pressures on equipment but can in-troduce pressures on farm income.

Interest rates COVID-19 has significantly changed the outlook for in-terest rates. We expect interest rates to stay at historically low levels into 2021.

This low-interest rate environment may increase producers' incentives to revisit their equipment replacement plans and financing needs.

Trade landscape with the U.S. The implementation of CUSMA solidifies the trade re-lationship with the U.S.

On August 16, 2020, a 10% tariff on Canadian alumi-num exported to the U.S. took effect.

We expect these tariffs to have minimal impact on farm equipment sales since most farm equipment uses little aluminum in manufacturing.

Steel tariffs that were removed in May 2019 were not re-enacted

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Farm equipment sales are an important indicator of overall farm health.

While overall tractor sales often mask equipment trends primarily used for agriculture, tighter profitability in Ca-nadian agriculture and market uncertainty has decreased demand for larger HP tractors and combines. I

mprovements in farm cash receipts and lower interest rates are expected to support improved equipment sales in 2021.

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Tax and regulatory regime for potash: Saskatchewan falling behind in competitiveness

ES Continued from page 21 Overall costs are higher in Canada. It's important to us that we have great jobs in the potash sector and we do offer really attractive careers for people. We do make sure we treat employees well as it's expected of us and that's something we want to do of course—but it does add a cost complexity that in some other parts of the world there may be less attention paid to working conditions or wages

It's not a disadvantage but it is an additional cost that we shoulder

In Canada there have been changes to some of our tax

and regulatory systems over the last several years. Either new costs added onto our production or addi-tional regulatory hurdles to cross—competitors in other parts of the world just don't see those same costs.

Can you explain to me how the regulatory system in Canada works for potash? Is it entirely under provincial jurisdiction because it's a resource or is there some fed-eral jurisdiction as well?

We are mostly under provincial jurisdiction as far as ad-vancing a project of building a new mine. Where the federal government is involved is more so

on environmental matters, so of course we have the added cost of the carbon tax. It's been a big topic for the last number of years of course.

Are you strictly taxed provincially? That's where it gets complicated. There are property taxes, a resource tax as well as royalties paid, then of course income tax, consumer taxes like GST and PST, so there are a variety of different layers of taxation. The ma-jor ones are the resource tax and royalties paid.

How have those changed over the years? There has been changes. They do tend to change from time to time and we have seen increases certainly on those fronts in the last number of years

Of course we want to pay our fair share but we always try to remind the government to be mindful that we are in an international operating environment and have to be aware of what other potash producers may or may not be paying in different parts of the world.

Does it impact your competitiveness when you have

We have a start of the temperature of the temperature of the taxes you do? Yes it definitely can impact competitiveness. At the end of the day the price of potash is the same on the world market no matter where it is made.

So if a producer can come in at particularly low cost per tonne and bring home more profit at the end of the day which they can redistribute of course to their communi-ties and their employees and reinvest back in the company, that is an advantage for them. At this point in time there is no incentive or reward for

the producer that is the most responsible or the most sus tainable—you get the one global price for the commodity on the market.

Do companies like Mosaic have ongoing conversa-tions with the various levels of government about com-petitiveness and what it takes to ensure that there is more investment in potash in the future?

Yes we do. Whenever we have an opportunity to have a consultation with any level of government we make a point to discuss those pieces and help make sure there is an awareness of what the operating environment looks



like on a global scale for the potash sector—what the op-portunities and also the challenges are.

When you did have a whole new tax come in like with the carbon tax, and that is something that is going to be adjusted, does that particular piece on its own impact competitiveness?

competitiveness? You have to look at the total picture, of course. I think it does have some impact. The carbon tax for example is paid on electricity in Saskatchewan so that can have a fairly noticeable impact for companies that require a lot of electricity to run their operations, and mining is one of the same set. of those.

If everyone had a carbon tax around the world it wouldn't be such a factor, but because each country is taking their own approach this is something we have to be mindful of.

The other piece is the regulatory uncertainty. It's hard to predict what the carbon tax may look like in 10 years, what dollar amount that could be at that point at times, so that makes it a little bit harder to make decisions about fu-ture investments, and you could say that about any taxes but that is just one topical example.

With the current tax and regulatory regime in Saskatchewan right now, does it encourage or discourage investment in the industry?

We think it's time to review royalty and tax treatment to look at accumulative impacts over the last five to 10 years and to benchmark Saskatchewan against not just other

That would be one of our big asks, is for governments to do that sort of comprehensive look when they are con-templating an increase.

There are still a lot of great reasons to be here and to operate in Saskatchewan, but every time there is an in-crease we do have to examine that competitiveness posi-tion once again, and if there are to omany increases then absolutely it is harder and harder to make a case to invest is contentioned. in Saskatchewan.

Have you gone to government with that message?

Yes, we have shared that message and the Saskatch-ewan Mining Association would be amplifying that mes-sage from its members, of which we are one. Mosaic led the creation of the Time to Dig Deeper campaign. but the creation of the Time to Dig Deeper campaign, but some of our industry association partners are helping to

this objective.

share that message as well to create more awareness and more dialogue around the challenges that the industry is facing

What is the main message you are trying to get through

What is the main message you are trying to get through with the Time to Dig Deeper campaign? We have a great resource and a good story to tell for Ca-nadian potash. It does a lot of good not just for food secu-rity but for the communities and areas in which we oper-ate. I think people are aware of that, but maybe less aware for the total state of the security o of what some of those challenges are that are threatening the industry's future in Canada. We are trying to create of Canada can take advantage of their own operating en-vironments and further benefit their industries, which is their right to do, but we have to think of how it impacts us here as well.

Are you getting any feedback on the campaign? We have a little bit. We've started to get some questions as we're sharing the message on social media. We are creating some dialogue. We are getting some good engagement I think from the areas where we operate and we have started to have some conversations with government as well as they try to learn more and to un-derstand some of the points we're raising.

Best case scenario, what would you like to see from the government? We think it's time to look at the cost environment, re-

view royalty and tax treatment and be very mindful when introducing any policy or regulatory change that might add more costs about what that could do to the competitive position of our industry. We would like to see improvements to transport infra-

structure and systems in Canada. Any sort of action the government could take that would help improve the cost position without eroding any of the safeguards or the systems we have put in place to make sure we have strong performance, we would certainly welcome.

Auditor General

Continued from page 33 Shtykalo said the department did not have a clear, robust plan to address the many risks to drinking water safety and that the most important thing going forward is for them to

implement a strategic plan. "Given the limited resources available, and increasing workload, it is important that the department carefully plan how to address the issues noted in this report," he said

"I feel some of our recommendations will help them achieve that and help them implement. We have a couple recommendations where we make reference to implement-

"Recommendations where we make reference to implement-ing more automated or IT based systems. "Recommendation 17 is, 'we recommend that the depart-ment develop a strategic plan for its oversight of drinking water safety, that includes measurable targets and time-lines, the department should report publicly on meeting







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Kara Kinna from The World-Spectator presents Lorelei Petreny with \$3,000 worth of gift certificates from Summer Shopping Spree participating businesses

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